Annual Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Financial Planning and Allocation Commission of The Town of Columbia, CT

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Columbia, CT, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Columbia, CT's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Columbia, CT, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and supplementary pension plan information on pages 4–12 and 47-50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Columbia, CT's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State Single Audit Act, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 19, 2022, on our consideration of the Town of Columbia, CT's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Columbia, CT's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

King King & Associates

King, King & Associates, CPAs Winsted, CT January 19, 2022

As management of the Town of Columbia, CT, we offer readers of the Town of Columbia, CT's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Columbia, CT for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Town of Columbia, CT exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$22,154,335 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$6,180,573 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Restricted Net Position is \$215,180. \$11,753 is restricted for the Brand Memorial Trust, \$39,930 is restricted for Town Aid Road, \$1,652 is restricted for D.A.R.E. Education, \$5,704 is restricted for Historic Document Preservation, \$66,497 is restricted for Service's Needs, \$17,940 is restricted for Student Activities, and \$53,828 is restricted for Small Cities Housing Rehabilitation. The remainder of the government's net position is invested in capital assets.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Columbia, CT's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$6,801,313, a decrease of \$373,736 in comparison with the prior year. The increase is primarily attributable to the under-spending of the budgeted operating and capital expenditures as well as the higher than budgeted revenue received by the town in property tax collection and government services despite an overall decrease in budgeted municipal aid. Of this amount, \$4,513,531 is available in the Town's General Fund for spending at the government's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, assigned and unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$5,071,891 or 28% percent of total General Fund expenditures. This fund balance represents the Town's reserve for future capital projects, as all assets of the capital projects fund have been obligated to finance current projects.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Columbia, CT's basic financial statements. The Town of Columbia, CT's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Columbia, CT's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Town of Columbia, CT's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Columbia, CT is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position has changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in future cash inflows (revenues) and outflows (expenditures.)

Both of the government-wide financial statements present functions of the Town of Columbia, CT that are principally supported by tax revenues, grants and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*). The governmental activities of the Town of Columbia, CT include general government, public safety, highways, sanitation, health and welfare, recreation, and education. The town does not report any funds that carry-on business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Columbia, CT, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town of Columbia, CT can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources,* as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Town of Columbia, CT maintains Twenty (20) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund. The town also reports the Capital Improvement Fund as a major fund.

The Town of Columbia, CT adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-19 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town of Columbia, CT's own programs.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-21 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22-46 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town of Columbia, CT, assets exceeded liabilities by \$22,154,335 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

| Summary Statement of Net Postion | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| June | e 30 | | | | | | |
| 2021 2020 | | | | | | | |
| Current and Other Assets | \$ 8,885,818 | \$ 8,295,566 | | | | | |
| Capital Assets | 15,837,912 | 15,466,993 | | | | | |
| Total Assets | \$ 24,723,730 | \$ 23,762,559 | | | | | |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | 110,746 | 66,917 | | | | | |
| Other Liabilities | \$ 1,935,941 | \$ 1,163,703 | | | | | |
| Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding | 636,318 | 673,949 | | | | | |
| Total Liabilities | 2,572,259 | 1,837,652 | | | | | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | 107,882 | 119,262 | | | | | |
| Net Position: | | | | | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | 15,758,582 | 15,199,205 | | | | | |
| Restricted | 215,180 | 252,537 | | | | | |
| Unrestricted | 6,180,573 | 6,420,820 | | | | | |
| Total Net Position | \$ 22,154,335 | \$ 21,872,562 | | | | | |

72% of the Town's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

1% of the Town's net position is subject to external restrictions on how it may be used and is therefore presented as restricted net position.

The remainder of the Town's net position (27%) is considered unrestricted and may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Columbia, CT is able to report that all categories of net position increased by \$281,773 during this fiscal year. This increase is primarily attributable to the under spending of the operating budget and capital expenditures, additional unbudgeted revenue and a higher-than-budgeted property tax collection rate.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2021

| Years Ended Jun | e 30 | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Revenues: | venues: 2021 | | | 2020 |
| General Revenues: | | | | |
| Property Taxes | \$ | 14,910,227 | \$ | 14,575,449 |
| Unrestricted Investment Income | | 6,166 | | 107,537 |
| Grants and Contributions | | 22,521 | | 21,796 |
| Other Income | | 14,874 | | 23,779 |
| Loss on Disposal | | - | | - |
| Program Revenues: | | | | |
| Charges for Services | | 481,464 | | 344,908 |
| Operating Grants and Contributions | | 5,810,031 | | 4,956,897 |
| Capital Grants and Contributions | | 13,412 | | 243,637 |
| Total Revenues | 21,258,695 | | 20,274,003 | |
| Expenses: | | | | |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | |
| General Government | | 1,751,268 | | 1,744,448 |
| Health and Human Services | | 312,075 | | 242,396 |
| Public Safety | | 601,558 | | 590,535 |
| Public Works | | 1,248,401 | | 1,408,999 |
| Building and Development Services | | 350,097 | | 182,921 |
| Recreation | | 639,501 | | 594,601 |
| Education | | 16,066,772 | | 14,521,773 |
| Interest on Long-term Debt | | 7,250 | | 14,500 |
| Total Expenses | \$ | 20,976,922 | \$ | 19,300,173 |
| Change in Net Position | | 281,773 | | 973,830 |
| Beginning Net Position | | 21,872,562 | | 20,898,732 |
| Ending Net Position | \$ | 22,154,335 | \$ | 21,872,562 |

Summary Statement of Changes in Net Position

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Town of Columbia, CT's net position by \$281,773

Key elements of the activities are as follows:

• Seventy percent (70%) of the revenues of the Town were derived from property taxes, followed by less than one percent (1%) from investment and other income, followed by less than one percent (1%) from grants and contributions, and then Twenty-eight percent (28%) from program revenues.

Major revenue factors included:

- The Town collected a surplus in the following budgeted revenue lines:
 - \$ 3,600 in Pistol Permit Fees
 - \$ 52,879 in Real Estate Conveyance Fees
 - \$ 12,362 in Recording Fees
 - \$ 2,831 in Photocopy Fees

- \$ 2,921 in Town Clerk Fees
- \$ 1,175 in Boating Fees
- \$ 8,448 in Transfer Station Fees
- \$ 4,205 in Transfer Station Sticker Fees
- \$ 3,035 in Zoning Permit Fees
- \$ 67,917 in Building, Mechanics & Septic Permits
- \$ 8,552 in Town Beach Use Fees
- \$ 3,900 in Miscellaneous Revenue
- The Town had a net revenue surplus of \$385,529 which added to the Town's General Fund. Of this amount, the Town collected a surplus of \$492,430 in property taxes (current, outstanding, delinquent, interest, etc.).
- The State of Connecticut awarded the Town \$56,482 less in the Education Equalization Grant (ECS aid to towns) than what was locally budgeted due to a state adjustment once the state finalized the grant. Also, the state awarded the Town \$76,552 less in the Special Education Grant due to a decrease in projected Special Education costs in the Columbia School District for the 2020-2021 School Year.
- The Town is showing a \$24,222 deficit in the Preschool Tuition line. With the Covid pandemic, the preschool schedule was modified to shorter hours which resulted in less tuition being charged to families.
- The Town also had a deficit of \$80,649 in the Interest on Investment line. The interest rate on investments dropped significantly once the Covid pandemic impacted all markets. The FY 20-21 budget had already been set before this line could be modified to a truer projected interest revenue.

For Governmental Activities, 77% of the Town's expenses relate to education, 6% relates to public works, 4% relate to public safety and health and human services, and the remaining 13% relates to government, building and development services, recreation and other areas.

Major expense factors include:

- The following capital projects:
 - Town Road Resurfacing -- \$229,007 Hunt Road Box Culver Replacement Engineering Costs - \$24,039 Town Land Acquisition -- \$25,500 Rec Park Improvements -- \$187,563 Town Assessor Software Conversion -- \$8,000 Town Revaluation -- \$9,454 Public Works Vehicles & Equipment -- \$247,572 Town Facilities Building Improvements -- \$61,783 Hazardous Tree Removal -- \$110,292 HWP Generator Project -- \$46,223 CVFD Rescue Truck/Pumper Replacement 90% Deposit -- \$637,525
- Debt service includes four-year loan obligations on LED lighting projects completed in 2018-2019 at Town Hall (\$3,392.52 per year), the Senior Center (\$1,396.32 per year) as well as Horace W. Porter School (\$57,861 per year). The Town's two LED Lighting Loans will be paid off by January 2022. The Board of Education's LED Lighting Loan will be paid off by September 2022. The Debt service payments on the General Obligation Bond was paid off in June 2021. The Town has no other General Obligation Bonds that the Town has as a liability.

- The Town's Operating budget had surplus funds of \$321,676 that were returned to the General Fund at year end. Various departments had savings in their budget lines; such as, group health insurance and employee benefits, salary lines (both regular and overtime lines), legal and contingency. Another savings to the Town budget was the FEMA and State of Connecticut reimbursement for costs incurred for items purchased to mitigate the COVID 19 outbreak.
- Net Decrease in the approved Town's allocation to the 2020-2021 Board of Education by \$20,283 from the final 2019-2020 Town's allocation.
- As of June 30, 2021, the Columbia Board of Education had excess funds in its budget totaling \$288,916. The full amount of the year-end excess was returned to the Town of Columbia's General Fund. There was not an appropriation to the Board of Education's Non-Lapsing Account as of June 30,2021. Currently, that fund has \$300,000 available for any Board of Education unanticipated costs. After the year-end budget line transfers, the Board of Education showed excess funding in the following budget lines: Employee Benefits, Technical Contracted Services as well as Regular Education and Special Education Transportation and Tuition lines.
- The Columbia Board of Education looked within the 2020-2021 budget and used funds from other expenditures lines to cover the under-budgeting in other lines due to changes in the planned budget. The savings shown in various lines were also used to cover the projected budget line deficits due to staff changes as well as changes in Regular Education and Special Education services. Also, with a projected excess in various lines, the Board of Education was able to purchase needed textbooks and curriculum material as well as fund various building projects, and school equipment. Another savings that added to the Board of Education budget surplus was the FEMA and the State of Connecticut reimbursements for the mitigation costs incurred for the COVID 19 outbreak.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Columbia, CT uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

ted on the Schedule The focus of the Town of Columbia, CT's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Columbia, CT's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Columbia, CT's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$6,801,313 a decrease of \$373,736 in comparison with the prior year. Sixty-six (66%) of this total amount constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Columbia, CT. At the end of the current fiscal year, assigned and unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$5,071,891. This represents an increase of \$304,070. The increase is due to the collection of revenue at a higher than budgeted rate on the Municipal Government side as well as a lower than anticipated spending by both the Municipal Government and the Columbia Board of Education. Also, both the Municipal Government and the Columbia Board of Education received Coronavirus Relief Funding from FEMA and the State of Connecticut which kept the COVID mitigation costs from impacting the 2020-2021 budget and allowed the budget to be maintain for the expenditures that were budgeted.

As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 25% percent of total General Fund expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

- The Operating Budget of the Municipal Government (Including Contingency) was underspent by \$321,676. In addition, the Municipal Government ended the year with \$10,868 in year end encumbrances for open expenditures to the 2020-2021 fiscal year.
- The Operating Budget of the Board of Education was spent in accordance with the adopted budget and was under spent by \$288,916. All of the excess funds were returned to the Town's General Fund and no funds were added to the Board of Education's Non-Lapsing Account which currently has a balance of \$300,000. In addition to the funds returned to the Town, there were also \$111,510 in encumbrances at year end for the open projects and expenditures for Horace W. Porter School that applied to the 2020-2021 school year.
- During the 2020-2021 Fiscal Year, \$49,961 was approved and transferred from Contingency to fund various lines in the Town's operating as well in the capital budget that needed additional funding that was brought to the Town's attention during the Fiscal Year: \$1,060 to purchase a table for outdoor meetings, \$10,825 to cover the costs of a new department, \$9,300 for Inland Wetland salaries, \$6,550 to paint interior or Senior Center, \$1,218 for a Tax Collector Legal notice \$1,500 for a land appraisal for Town purchase, \$8,000 to Columbia Volunteer Fire Department for equipment purchase, \$6,650 to complete the Town Hall Walkway Project and \$4,858 for Boat Mooring Inspection and Repairs. After these transfers, \$28,039 was returned to the General Fund.
- With Town Meeting approvals in 2020-2021, the Town was able to transfer \$189,000 from the General Fund to the Capital Reserve Fund: \$24,000 for a Town Land Purchase and \$165,000 for a continued funding of the Columbia Volunteer Fire Department Rescue Truck Replacement.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town of Columbia, CT's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2021, amounts to \$15,837,912 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land and buildings, vehicles, machinery and equipment.

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|----------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Land and Infrastructure | \$ 3,914,299 | \$ 3,723,778 |
| Construction in Progress | 724,148 | 184,816 |
| Buildings and Improvements | 10,052,844 | 10,546,029 |
| Vehicles | 642,707 | 480,944 |
| Machinery and equipment | 503,914 | 531,426 |
| Total | \$ 15,837,912 | \$ 15,466,993 |

Additional information on the Town of Columbia, CT's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on page 31 of this report.

TOWN OF COLUMBIA Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Funding for Road Resurfacing \$263,500
- Funding for Box Culvert Replacement on Hunt Road \$100,000.
- Funding for Town Land Purchase (approved by Town Meeting) \$24,000.
- Funding for Recreation Park Renovation Project- \$100,000.
- Funding for Town Revaluation \$20,000.
- Funding for new vehicle and equipment for Public Works \$109,500.
- Funding for capital improvements to Town Buildings & Facilities \$35,000.
- Funding for the Bridge on Hop River Road Replacement (town portion) \$46,000.
- Funding for continuous Hazardous Tree Removal \$100,000.
- Funding for Senior Center Equipment \$4,500.
- Funding for Replacement of the CVFD Rescue Truck (additional appropriation approved by Town Meeting) \$165,000.
- Funding for the Horace W. Porter Floor Replacement \$5,000.
- Funding for Horace W. Porter School Ceiling Tile Replacements \$5,000.
- Funding for Horace W. Porter Painting Projects \$10,000.
- Funding for Horace W. Porter Track Upgrades \$10,000.

Long-term debt.

At the end of the current fiscal year the Town had a total outstanding note payable of \$60,138.

The Town's total debt decreased \$173,230 or 19% during the current fiscal year. This overall decrease is attributable to the final payments made on the Town's one General Obligation Bond as well as the continuing monthly payments of the LED Lighting project loans on the Town Buildings and Horace Porter School. As of June 30, 2021, the Town of Columbia has paid the General Obligation Bond in full. The LED Lighting project loans should be paid off by the fall of 2022. To offset the decrease as described above, the Town also started a 4-year lease on a Town vehicle which should be paid off in July 2023. There was also an increase in the GASB 75 Other Post Employee Benefit (OPEB) liability calculated by the Town's actuarial firm as well as an increase in the accumulated employee sick and vacation that is anticipated to be payable in the upcoming fiscal year.

The Town of Columbia, CT has the following obligations:

| | 2021 2020 | | 2020 | |
|--------------------------------|-----------|---------|------|---------|
| General Obligation Bonds | \$ | - | \$ | 145,000 |
| Note Payable | | 60,138 | | 122,788 |
| Other Post-Employment Benefits | | 478,509 | | 473,876 |
| Capital Lease | | 19,192 | | - |
| Other Obligations | | 191,189 | | 180,594 |
| Total | \$ | 749,028 | \$ | 922,258 |

Additional information on the Town of Columbia, CT's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 on pages 33-34 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Town receives intergovernmental revenues from the State of Connecticut. Connecticut's economy moves in the same general cycle as the national economy, and has been the case in previous cycles, the State and the nation are in the midst of an economic uncertainty which has affected the amount of intergovernmental revenues that the Town will receive in fiscal year 2021-2022 and beyond. It is expected that revenues for fiscal year 2021-2022 will remain fairly static or decrease nominally.

- State and federal funding is expected to decrease or remain stable.
- There remains considerable uncertainty with respect to petroleum-based fuel costs as well as health insurance costs.

These factors were considered in preparing the Town of Columbia, CT's budget for the 2021-2022 Fiscal Year.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Columbia, CT's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, Town of Columbia, 323 Route 87, Columbia, CT 06237.

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021

| | Governmental <u>Activities</u> |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Assets | |
| Current assets: | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 8,483,230 |
| State and federal grants receivable | 10,606 |
| Property taxes receivable | 271,730 |
| Interest receivable | 63,262 |
| Other receivables | 13,814 |
| Prepaid expenses | 43,176 |
| Total current assets | 8,885,818 |
| Noncurrent assets: | |
| Capital assets: | |
| Nondepreciable | 2,830,986 |
| Depreciable assets, net of depreciation | 13,006,926 |
| Total assets | \$ 24,723,730 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | |
| Deferred Outflows - OPEB | 110,746 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | 110,746 |
| Total Deletted Outnows of Resources | 110,740 |
| Liabilities | |
| Current liabilities: | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 196,971 |
| Accrued expenses | 795,008 |
| Other payables | 3,094 |
| Unearned revenue | 828,158 |
| Notes and bonds payable | 60,138 |
| Long-term obligations | 52,572 |
| Total current liabilities | 1,935,941 |
| Non-current liabilities: | |
| Other long-term obligations | 636,318 |
| Total liabilities | 2,572,259 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
| Deferred Inflows - OPEB | 107,882 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | 107,882 |
| Total Deletted innows of Resources | 107,002 |
| Net position | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 15,758,582 |
| Restricted for Brand memorial fund | 11,753 |
| Restricted for town aid road | 39,930 |
| Restricted | 163,497 |
| Unrestricted | 6,180,573 |
| Total net position | <u>\$ 22,154,335</u> |

Statement of Activities

| For the Year Ende | ed June 30, 2021 |
|-------------------|------------------|
|-------------------|------------------|

| | | | | F | Program revenue | es | | • | expense) revenue and anges in net position |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|----|---|----|------------------|-----|----------------------|-----------------|--|
| | | (| Charges Operating Grants Capital Grants | | | | Prin | nary government | |
| | <u>Expenses</u> | fo | r Services | ar | nd Contributions | and | Contributions | Gove | ernmental Activities |
| Functions/programs | | | | | | | | | |
| Primary government: | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ 1,751,268 | \$ | 153,261 | \$ | 61,142 | \$ | - | \$ | (1,536,865) |
| Health and human services | 312,075 | | 1,740 | | 27,614 | | - | | (282,721) |
| Public safety | 601,558 | | 7,447 | | 1,725 | | - | | (592,386) |
| Public works | 1,248,401 | | 100,036 | | 205,232 | | - | | (943,133) |
| Building and development services | 350,097 | | 132,292 | | - | | 13,412 | | (204,393) |
| Recreation | 639,501 | | 58,910 | | 2,012 | | - | | (578,579) |
| Education | 16,066,772 | | 27,778 | | 5,512,306 | | - | | (10,526,688) |
| Interest on long-term debt | 7,250 | | - | | - | | - | | (7,250) |
| Total governmental activities | 20,976,922 | | 481,464 | | 5,810,031 | | 13,412 | | (14,672,015) |
| Total primary government | \$ 20,976,922 | \$ | 481,464 | \$ | 5,810,031 | \$ | 13,412 | | (14,672,015) |

| General revenues: | |
|--|------------------|
| Property taxes levied for general purposes | 14,910,227 |
| Grants not restricted to specific purpose | 22,521 |
| Unrestricted Investment income | 6,166 |
| Other Income | 14,874 |
| Total general revenues | 14,953,788 |
| Change in net position | 281,773 |
| Net position - beginning | 21,872,562 |
| Net position - ending | \$ 22,154,335 |

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

| | ound | 5 50, 202 1 | | | |
|--|------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| Accestor | General <u>Fund</u> | Reserve for Capital and Non-Recurring Expenditures | American Relief <u>Fund</u> | Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u> | Total Governmental <u>Funds</u> |
| Assets: | ¢ c 4c0 c00 | <u> </u> | ¢ 705.004 | ¢ 111050 | ¢ 0 400 000 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 6,469,682 | \$ 1,073,531 | \$ 795,961 | \$ 144,056 | \$ 8,483,230 |
| State and federal grants receivable Other receivables | 10,606 | - | - | - | 10,606 |
| Interfund receivables | 13,814 | - | - | 162 226 | 13,814 |
| | - | - | - | 162,226 | 162,226 |
| Property taxes receivable, net | 271,730 | - | - | - | 271,730 |
| Interest Receivable | 63,262 | - | - | - | 63,262 |
| Prepaid expenses | 43,176 | - | - | - | 43,176 |
| Total assets | \$ 6,872,270 | \$ 1,073,531 | \$ 795,961 | \$ 306,282 | <u>\$ 9,048,044</u> |
| Liabilities: | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 196,871 | \$- | \$- | \$ 100 | \$ 196,971 |
| Accrued expenses | 794,716 | - | - | 292 | 795,008 |
| Unearned revenue | 28,479 | - | 795,961 | 3,718 | 828,158 |
| Interfund payables | 162,226 | - | - | - | 162,226 |
| Due to State of CT | | | | 3,094 | 3,094 |
| Total liabilities | 1,182,292 | <u> </u> | 795,961 | 7,204 | 1,985,457 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | | | | |
| Deferred Taxes and Interest | 261,274 | - | - | - | 261,274 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | 261,274 | | | | 261,274 |
| Fund Balances: | | | | | |
| Nonspendable: | | | | | |
| Board of Selectman-Prepaid expenses | 28,158 | - | - | - | 28,158 |
| Board of Education-Prepaid expenses | 15,018 | - | - | - | 15,018 |
| Restricted: | , | | | | , |
| D.A.R.E Education | - | - | - | 1,652 | 1,652 |
| Town Aid Road | - | - | - | 39,930 | 39,930 |
| Historic Document Preservation Fund | - | - | - | 5,704 | 5,704 |
| Land Protection Fund | - | - | - | 66,497 | 66,497 |
| Education Grants Fund | - | - | - | 271 | 271 |
| Social Services Needs Fund | - | - | - | 17,605 | 17,605 |
| Student Activities Fund | - | _ | _ | 17,940 | 17,940 |
| Brand Memorial Fund | - | - | - | 11,753 | 11,753 |
| Small Cities Housing Rehabilitation | - | - | - | 53,828 | 53,828 |
| Committed (See Note 9) | 313,637 | 1,089,283 | - | 83,898 | 1,486,818 |
| Assigned: | 010,007 | 1,000,200 | | 00,000 | 1,100,010 |
| Subsequent Year's Budget | 558,360 | - | _ | - | 558,360 |
| Reserve for Capital | | (15,752) | _ | _ | (15,752) |
| Unassigned: | 4,513,531 | (10,702) | - | - | 4,513,531 |
| - | | 1 072 524 | | 200.079 | |
| Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows of reso | <u>5,428,704</u> | 1,073,531 | | 299,078 | 6,801,313 |
| | | ¢ 1 070 504 | Ф 705 064 | ¢ 206.000 | ¢ 0.040.044 |
| and fund balances | \$ 6,872,270 | <u>\$ 1,073,531</u> | <u>\$ 795,961</u> | \$ 306,282 | \$ 9,048,044 |

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

| Fund balances reported in governmental funds Balance Sheet. | \$ 6,801,313 |
|--|--|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the government- wide Statement of Net Position are different because: | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Capital Assets Accumulated Depreciation | 31,645,726 (15,807,814) |
| Deferred revenue for property taxes, interest and grants are reported in the funds but accrued as revenue in the government-wide statements and added to net position. Property Taxes and Interest | 261,274 |
| Certain changes related to pensions are deferred and amortized over time. Deferred Outflows - OPEB Deferred Inflows - OPEB | 110,746 (107,882) |
| Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statements. <i>Accumulated Sick Time</i> <i>Compensated Absences</i> <i>Notes Payable</i> <i>Capital Lease Payable</i> <i>Other Postemployment Benefits</i> | (85,731) (105,458) (60,138) (19,192) (478,509) |
| Net position of governmental activities. | \$ 22,154,335 |

Net position of governmental activities.

\$22,154,335

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| Revenues | General <u>Fund</u> | Reserve for Capital and Non-Recurring Expenditures | American Relief <u>Fund</u> | Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|--|------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|--------------------|
| Taxes | \$ 14,854,076 | \$- | \$- | \$- | \$ 14,854,076 |
| Licenses, fees, and permits | 442,488 | Ψ - | Ψ - | ¥ 38,976 | 481,464 |
| Intergovernmental revenue | 3,634,699 | - | - | 559,538 | 4,194,237 |
| Contributions | | - | - | 48,504 | 48,504 |
| Other revenues | 13,066 | - | - | 1,808 | 14,874 |
| Investment earnings | 4,353 | 1,771 | - | 42 | 6,166 |
| Total revenues | 18,948,682 | 1,771 | | 648,868 | 19,599,321 |
| Expenditures | | | | | |
| Current: | 1 606 000 | | | 11 000 | 1 610 100 |
| General government | 1,606,228 | - | - | 11,892 | 1,618,120 |
| Health and human services Public safety | 283,963 466,714 | - | - | 32,872 12,530 | 316,835 479,244 |
| Public salety Public works | 782,553 | - | - | 12,550 | 479,244 782,553 |
| Building and development services | 350,097 | _ | - | - | 350,097 |
| Recreation | 572,081 | | _ | - 11,714 | 583,795 |
| Education | 13,742,873 | _ | _ | 351,983 | 14,094,856 |
| Debt service | 152,250 | _ | _ | - | 152,250 |
| Capital expenditures | 26,371 | 1,595,307 | - | - | 1,621,678 |
| Total expenditures | 17,983,130 | 1,595,307 | | 420,991 | 19,999,428 |
| Excess/(deficiency) of revenues | | .,000,001 | | | |
| over expenditures | 965,552 | (1,593,536) | _ | 227,877 | (400,107) |
| Other Financing sources/(Uses) | 000,002 | (1,000,000) | | 221,011 | (400,107) |
| Capital lease proceeds | 26,371 | - | - | - | 26,371 |
| Transfers in | 7,624 | 969,229 | - | 14,000 | 990,853 |
| Transfers out | (719,729) | | - | (271,124) | (990,853) |
| Total other financing sources/(uses) | (685,734) | 969,229 | - | (257,124) | 26,371 |
| Net change in fund balances | 279,818 | (624,307) | | (29,247) | (373,736) |
| Fund balances - beginning | 5,148,886 | 1,697,838 | - | 328,325 | 7,175,049 |
| Fund balances - ending | \$ 5,428,704 | \$ 1,073,531 | \$- | \$ 299,078 | \$ 6,801,313 |

| Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of |
|--|
| Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities |

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds. | \$ | (373,736) |
|--|----|------------------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: | | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. <i>Capital expenditures</i> <i>Depreciation expense</i> | | 1,242,310 (871,391) |
| Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as deferred revenues in the funds. Accordingly, an adjustment is necessary to reconcile amounts reported as interest receivable in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and as deferred revenue in the fund Balance Sheet. | | 56,151 |
| Bond and note proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayments: | З, | |
| General obligation bond principal payments Notes payable | | 145,000 62,650 |
| Issuance of long-term debt - capital leases | | (26,371) |
| Certain benefits are expended in the funds when resources are used, but are expensed in the Statement of Activities when the liability is incurred. | | (004) |
| Accumulated Sick Time | | (801) |
| Compensated Absences Capital Lease Payable | | (9,794) 7,179 |
| Other Postemployment Benefits | | 50,576 |
| Change in net position of governmental activities. | \$ | 281,773 |

TOWN OF COLUMBIA Budgetary Comparison Statement General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | Budgeted amounts | | Actual Amounts | Over |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| | <u>Original</u> | <u>Final</u> | Budgetary Basis | <u>(Under)</u> |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 14,347,318 | \$ 14,347,318 | \$ 14,854,076 | \$ 506,758 |
| Licenses, fees, and permits | 126,500 | 126,500 | 266,293 | 139,793 |
| Intergovernmental revenue | 2,546,436 | 2,546,436 | 2,377,624 | (168,812) |
| Charges for services | 17,850 | 17,850 | 24,942 | 7,092 |
| Other revenues | 261,200 | 261,200 | 178,605 | (82,595) |
| Transfers in | 10,000 | 10,000 | 7,624 | (2,376) |
| Appropriated from Surplus | 441,042 | 630,042 | - | (630,042) |
| Total revenues | 17,750,346 | 17,939,346 | 17,709,164 | (230,182) |
| Expenditures Current: | | | | |
| General government | 1,689,489 | 1,681,338 | 1,573,141 | (108,197) |
| Health and human services | 302,679 | 302,752 | 282,313 | (108,197) (20,439) |
| Public safety | 465,581 | 478,970 | 464,386 | (14,584) |
| Public works | 1,022,503 | 890,638 | 780,532 | (110,106) |
| Building and development services | 213,404 | 372,144 | 350,877 | (21,267) |
| Recreation | 577,318 | 586,943 | 567,906 | (19,037) |
| Education | 12,716,543 | 12,716,543 | 12,427,626 | (288,917) |
| Contingency | 78,000 | 28,039 | | (28,039) |
| Fund Transfers | 532,579 | 729,729 | 729,729 | (20,000) |
| Debt service | 152,250 | 152,250 | 152,250 | - |
| | | | | (610 596) |
| Total expenditures | 17,750,346 | 17,939,346 | 17,328,760 | (610,586) |
| Surplus/(deficiency) of revenues | • | ^ | • • • • • • | • • • • • • • • |
| over expenditures | <u>\$</u> - | <u>\$</u> - | \$ 380,404 | \$ 380,404 |

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2021

| | Pension <u>Trust Fund</u> | -Purpose <u>Funds</u> |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ - | \$ 12,019 |
| Receivables | - | - |
| Investments | 1,296,493 | - |
| Total assets | \$ 1,296,493 | \$ 12,019 |
| | | |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | - | <u> </u> |
| Liabilities | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ - | \$ - |
| Total liabilities | - | - |
| | | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | - | <u>-</u> |
| Net position | | |
| Restricted for Pension Benefits | 1,296,493 | - |
| Held in trust for scholarships | | |
| and other purposes | - | 12,019 |
| Total net position | \$ 1,296,493 | \$ 12,019 |

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2021

| Additions | Pension <u>Trust Fund</u> | Private-Purpose Trust Funds | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| | ф 77 000 | ሱ | |
| Employer Contributions | \$ 77,033 | \$- | |
| Investment earnings | 193,965 | - | |
| | 270,998 | | |
| Deductions | | | |
| Pension Distributions | 367,139 | - | |
| Other expenses | 12,042 | - | |
| Scholarships | | 629 | |
| | 379,181 | 629 | |
| Change in net position | (108,183) | (629) | |
| Net position - beginning | 1,404,676 | 12,648 | |
| Net position - ending | \$ 1,296,493 | \$ 12,019 | |

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Town of Columbia, CT is a municipal corporation organized under state statutes in 1804. The Town operates under an elected Board of Selectmen, Financial Planning and Allocation Commission, and Town Meeting form of government. The Town provides the following services: general government administration, health and human services, public safety, public works, building and development, recreation, and education. Primary educational services are provided by the Horace W. Porter School, whose operations are presented in the Town's financial statements. Secondary educational services are provided by Bolton, and EO Smith High Schools which are part of the Towns of Bolton, and Mansfield, respectively. The Town of Columbia, CT is charged for services based on a per-pupil rate determined by Towns of Bolton, and Mansfield. Students also have the option to attend Windham Technical or magnet schools.

The Legislative authority of the Town is vested in the Town Meeting. The First Selectman is the chief executive officer and the Town Administrator is the chief administrative officer. Budget-making authority resides with the Financial Planning and Allocation Commission. The Financial Planning and Allocation Commission is responsible for revising the proposed budget and submitting the final budget to the Town Meeting. The Financial Planning and Allocation Commission is also responsible for establishing the annual tax rate. The Town has the power to incur indebtedness by issuing bonds or notes as provided by the Connecticut General Statutes.

The accounting and reporting policies of the Town relating to the funds included in the accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. The more significant accounting policies of the Town are described below.

The Town's combined financial statements include the accounts of all Town controlled operations. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the Town of Columbia, CT (the primary government) and its component units. The basic criteria for inclusion of a component unit in a governmental unit's reporting entity for basic financial reporting is the exercise of oversight responsibility. Oversight responsibility is determined on the basis of financial interdependence, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, accountability for fiscal matters and scope of public service. Currently, there are no entities considered component units of the Town. The Town includes all funds, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities that are controlled by or dependent on the Town's executive and legislative branches.

The financial statements presented herein do not include agencies which have been formed under applicable State laws or separate and distinct units of government apart from the Town of Columbia, CT. Based upon the foregoing criteria, the following organizations are not considered part of the Town and are excluded from the accompanying financial statements:

Saxton B. Little Free Library - The Saxton B. Little Free Library is a legally incorporated, separate and distinct entity from the Town. The Town provides a portion of the operating and capital budgets to the Library; however, the Town is not required to fund deficits nor does the Town participate in program budgets or managing operations. The Saxton B. Little Free Library Board of Directors determines how their funding is spent.

Columbia Volunteer Fire Department – The Columbia Volunteer Fire Department is a legally incorporated, separate and distinct entity from the Town. The Town provides a portion of the operating and capital budgets to the Department; however, the Town is not required to fund deficits nor does the Town participate in program budgets or managing operations. The Columbia Volunteer Fire Department Board of Directors determines how their funding is spent.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statements Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting* as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Exceptions to this general rule include: voluntary non-exchange transactions when all eligibility requirements have been met. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include: compensated absences, debt service, and claims and judgments that are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes when levied, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government, or specifically identified.

Major funds are determined exclusive of interfund transactions and balances. The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another manner.

The *Reserve for Capital and Non-Recurring Expenditures* is used to account for capital acquisition and improvements. This is a perpetual fund financed through annual budget appropriations and capital grants.

The *American Relief Fund* is used to account for and report financial resources related to the federal American Rescue Plan Act grant.

Additionally, the government reports the following fiduciary fund types:

Private-Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for resources legally held in trust for the benefit of individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

The *Pension Trust Fund* is used to account for the activities of the Town's defined contribution plan which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents - The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. The Town maintains separate accounts with depositories where necessary. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing accounts, certificates of deposit, and pooled investment funds that may be deemed to be cash equivalents based on maturity date or availability of conversion to cash. Cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost, which approximates market value and have maturities of three months or less.

Receivables and Payables - All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. The Town's property taxes are levied each July 1, on the assessed value listed on the prior October 1 Grant List for all taxable property located in the Town. Taxes are due and payable in two installments on July 1 and January 1 for real property and personal property and on July 1 for motor vehicles. Additional property taxes are assessed for motor vehicles registered subsequent to the Grand List date through September 30 and are payable in one installment due January 1. The Town files liens against property if taxes, which are due July 1, remain unpaid on the following February 1.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available includes those property tax receivables expected to be collected within sixty days after year-end. There was no allowance for uncollectible accounts reported as of June 30, 2021 as all uncollectible taxes were moved to suspense.

Investments - In general, State of Connecticut Statutes allow the Town to invest in obligations of the United States of America or United States government sponsored corporations, in shares or other interests in any custodial arrangement, pool, or no-load, open-end management type investment company or investment trust, in obligations of any state or political subdivision rated within the top two rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service, or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or political subdivision rated within the top three rating categories of any nationally.

recognized rating service. Other trust funds may also invest in stocks, bonds, or other securities selected by the Trustee.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, the Town is required to measure the fair value of its assets and liabilities under a three-level hierarchy, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities to which an entity has access to at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs and information other than quoted market indices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include:

- a. Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets.
- b. Quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active;
- c. Observable inputs other than quoted prices for the assets or liability;
- d. Inputs derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data by correlation or by other means.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Unobservable inputs should be used to measure the fair value to the extent that observable inputs are not available.

Observable inputs reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed from sources independent of the reporting entity; and *unobservable inputs* reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances.

Investments are carried at fair value based on Level 1 observable inputs and are presented in Note 3.

Advances to and from other funds - Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either interfund receivables and payables. Interfund payables and receivables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include equipment, fixtures, and other long-lived assets, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (\$20,000 for land, infrastructure, buildings, and improvements) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized when projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| <u>Assets</u> | Years |
|--------------------------|-------|
| Buildings & Improvements | 10-50 |
| Vehicles | 5-15 |
| Equipment | 3-25 |
| Infrastructure | 20 |

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The Town reports the deferred charge on refunding in this category. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The Town also reports Deferred OPEB expense in this category. Deferred OPEB expense results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in OPEB expense over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports advance property tax collections in the government-wide statement of net position and in the governmental funds balance sheet. Advance property tax collections represent taxes inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. Also, within the government-wide statement of net position the Town reports as deferred inflows amounts representing the net difference between expected and actual results, changes in assumptions and projected and actual earnings of its OPEB plan. These amounts are deferred and included in OPEB expense over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the OPEB plan (active and inactive employees). Also, for governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from several sources: property taxes, special assessments, school building grants, and other receivables. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period during which the amounts become available.

Long-term obligations - In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other longterm obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when it is due or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund.

Fund equity and net position – In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduces this category.

Restricted Net Position – This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – This category represents the net position of the Town, which is not restricted for any project or other purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for certain expenses, the town expends restricted resources first and uses unrestricted resources when the restricted funds are depleted.

In the fund financial statements, fund balances of governmental funds are classified in the following five separate categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – Indicates amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Examples are items that are not expected to be converted to cash including prepaid expenditures and permanent fund principal.

Restricted Fund Balance – Indicates amounts that are restricted to specific purposes. The spending constraints placed on the use of fund balance amounts are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – Indicates amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal budgetary action of the Board of Finance and Town Meeting in accordance with provisions of the Connecticut General Statutes.

Assigned Fund Balance – Indicates amounts that are constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by formal action of the Board of Selectman or Board of Finance.

Unassigned Fund Balance – Represents the remaining fund balance after amounts are set aside for all other classifications.

The Town has not established a formal policy for its use of restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, unassigned) fund balance; however, the Town generally used restricted fund balance first if the expenditure meets the restricted purpose, followed by committed, assigned and unassigned amounts.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information and Accounting

The Town of Columbia, CT follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- A proposed operating budget is submitted for the fiscal year.
- Public hearings are conducted in the Town to obtain taxpayer comments.
- The budget is legally enacted through a town meeting. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- The Board of Selectmen may transfer funds between accounts within a given agency limited to a maximum of \$500. The Board may also make transfers within an agency up to \$10,000 with the approval of FIPAC
- A maximum of \$20,000 for the current fiscal year (not including the Board of Education) for any agency may be transferred with the approval of FIPAC. In the event that these amounts are to be exceeded or that approval cannot be obtained from FIPAC, the transfer must be approved by a Town Meeting.
- The Town may establish a contingency account of no more than 2 percent of the total budget. The Board of Selectmen, upon FIPAC approval, is authorized to transfer from the contingency account up to \$20,000 to any agency (excluding Board of Education). Additional appropriations and transfers in excess of \$20,000 must be approved at a Town meeting.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.
- All noncontinuing appropriations lapse at year-end. Capital appropriations in the Reserve for Capital and Non-Recurring Expenditures fund do not lapse until completion of the applicable projects.
- Encumbrance accounting is used as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. For budget basis reporting, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as expenditures. For Government-wide and governmental fund statements, encumbered expenditures outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

Budgetary/GAAP Reconciliation

The Town of Columbia, CT prepares its annual budget on a basis (budget basis), which differs in some respects from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis). The budget and all transactions are presented in accordance with the Town's method (budget basis) in the *Budgetary Comparison Statement - General Fund* to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between budget and GAAP basis are that property taxes are recorded as revenues when received (budget) rather than available (GAAP), certain interfund transfers are recorded as expenditures (budget) rather than operating transfers (GAAP) and that encumbered expenses are recorded in the year they are incurred for GAAP purposes and in the year they are appropriated for budget purposes. The budget as presented has been amended by the Financial Planning and Allocation Commission throughout the year. Adjustments necessary to reconcile the budget basis to GAAP basis are presented below:

TOWN OF COLUMBIA Notes to the Financial Statements

| | <u>Revenues</u> | Expenditures | Other Financing <u>Sources/(Uses)</u> | <u>Change</u> |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Balance, Budgetary Basis | \$ 17,709,164 | \$ (17,328,760) | \$- | \$ 380,404 |
| Revenue adjustments for: | | | | |
| CT Teacher's Retirement | 1,247,142 | - | - | 1,247,142 |
| Transfers In | (7,624) | - | 7,624 | - |
| Expenditure adjustments for: | | | | |
| CT Teacher's Retirement | - | (1,247,142) | - | (1,247,142) |
| Encumbrances & Other Expenses | - | (81,174) | - | (81,174) |
| Transfers Out | - | 729,729 | (729,729) | - |
| Perspective Difference | | (55,783) | 36,371 | (19,412) |
| Balance, GAAP Basis | <u>\$ 18,948,682</u> | <u>\$ (17,983,130)</u> | <u>\$ (685,734)</u> | <u>\$ 279,818</u> |

On the budgetary basis, the expenditures include \$122,379 of encumbrances.

Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees, or acts of God. The Town purchases commercial insurance to cover most potential risks of loss. Neither the Town nor its insurers have settled any claim within the past year, which have exceeded the Town's insurance coverage. There were no significant changes in coverage from the prior year, and no settlements have exceeded insurance coverage in the last three years.

The Town belongs to the Connecticut Interlocal Risk Management Agency (CIRMA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for a comprehensive workers' compensation insurance program through its workers' compensation pool. The Town pays an annual premium to the pool for its coverage. The agreement for the formation of CIRMA provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$1,000,000 for each insured event to an unlimited excess limit. The pooling agreement allows CIRMA to make additional assessments to make the pool self-sustaining. The Town cannot estimate the amount of such additional assessments and has not been notified that any assessments are forthcoming. CIRMA publishes its own financial report, which can be obtained from: CIRMA, 900 Chapel Street, New Haven, CT.

NOTE 3 – CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The bank balance was \$6,213,330. Of the bank balance, Federal Depository Insurance Corporation insured \$614,109.

As of June 30, 2021, \$5,599,221 of the Town's bank balance of \$6,213,330 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

| Uninsured and uncollateralized | \$ | 4,989,299 |
|----------------------------------|----------|-----------|
| Uninsured and collateral held by | | |
| pledging bank's Trust department | | |
| not in the Town's name | | 609,922 |
| | Total \$ | 5,599,221 |

Interest Rate Risk. The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Below is a summary of the interest rate risk of investments:

| | | | Investment Maturities | | |
|--------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|--|
| | | | Less Than 1 yr. | 1-5 yrs. | |
| Mutual Funds | | \$ 360,731 | N/A | N/A | |
| Equities | | 935,762 | N/A | N/A | |
| | Total Investments | \$ 1,296,493 | \$ | \$ | |

Credit Risk. The Town has no investment policy that limits the investment choices further than the State Statutes listed above. The STIF Funds are Standard & Poor's AAAm rated investment pools of high-quality, short term money market instruments.

Custodial Credit Risk. This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The Town's investments are held in various trustee accounts in the Town's name. The Town's mutual funds are not subject to custodial credit risk, as the Town's investment is not directly exposed to custodial credit risk.

The following is a schedule of assets measured at Fair Value:

| | | | Fair Value Measurements Using | | | | |
|--------------------|-------|--------------|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|--|--|
| | | | Quoted Prices | Significant | | | |
| | | | in Active | Other | Significant | | |
| | | | Markets for | Observable | Unobservable | | |
| | | June 30, | Identical Assets | Inputs | Inputs | | |
| | | <u>2021</u> | <u>(Level 1)</u> | <u>(Level 2)</u> | <u>(Level 3)</u> | | |
| Description | | | | | | | |
| Mutual Funds | | \$ 360,731 | \$ 360,731 | - | - | | |
| Equities | | 935,762 | 935,762 | | | | |
| | Total | \$ 1,296,493 | \$ 1,296,493 | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$</u> | | |

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of net changes in fixed assets at year-end:

| | Beginning <u>Balances</u> | | | | <u>Decreases</u> | | Ending <u>Balances</u> | |
|--|------------------------------|----|-----------|----|------------------|----|---------------------------|--|
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | | | | | | | | |
| Construction in Progress \$ | 159,260 | \$ | 682,797 | \$ | 117,909 | \$ | 724,148 | |
| Land | 2,081,338 | | 25,500 | | - | | 2,106,838 | |
| Deposit in Truck | 25,556 | | - | | 25,556 | | - | |
| Total capital assets, not being depreciated | 2,266,154 | | 708,297 | | 143,465 | | 2,830,986 | |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | | | | | |
| • | 21,684,015 | | 90,532 | | _ | | 21,774,547 | |
| Land Improvements | 1,045,124 | | 259,195 | | | 4 | 1,304,319 | |
| Infrastructure | 1,648,175 | | 200,100 | | | | 1,648,175 | |
| Furniture & Fixtures | 18,700 | | | | _ | | 18,700 | |
| Vehicles | 2,473,365 | | 269,863 | | _ | | 2,743,228 | |
| Machinery & Equipment | 1,288,258 | | 57,888 | | 20,375 | | 1,325,771 | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 28,157,637 | | 677,478 | | 20,375 | | 28,814,740 | |
| | | | , | | | | | |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | 11,137,986 | | 583,717 | | - | | 11,721,703 | |
| Land Improvements | 414,620 | | 38,553 | | - | | 453,173 | |
| Infrastructure | 636,239 | | 55,621 | | - | | 691,860 | |
| Furniture & Fixtures | 18,700 | | - | | - | | 18,700 | |
| Vehicles | 1,992,421 | | 108,100 | | - | | 2,100,521 | |
| Machinery & Equipment | 756,832 | | 85,400 | | 20,375 | | 821,857 | |
| Total accumulated depreciation | 14,956,798 | | 871,391 | | 20,375 | | 15,807,814 | |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated, net | 13,200,839 | | (193,913) | | - | | 13,006,926 | |
| | 15,466,993 | \$ | 514,384 | \$ | 143,465 | - | 15,837,912 | |

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

| | <u>2021</u> | , 0 | <u>2020</u> |
|------------------------------|---------------|-----|-------------|
| Governmental Activities: | | | |
| General Government | \$ 145,794 | \$ | 149,278 |
| Public Works | 142,455 | | 149,540 |
| Public Safety | 122,313 | | 123,152 |
| Recreation | 36,405 | | 26,485 |
| Education | 424,424 | | 414,621 |
| Total Depreciation Expense - | | | |
| Governmental Activites | \$ 871,391 | \$ | 863,076 |

Construction Commitments

The Town has active construction projects as of June 30, 2021. The projects Include road drainage, bridge repairs, culvert replacements, road construction, land purchases, CFVD Truck replacement, recreation park upgrades and facility upgrades and /or improvements. At year-end, the Town's commitments are as follows:

TOWN OF COLUMBIA Notes to the Financial Statements

| | | Remaining |
|---------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| | Spent to Date | <u>Commitment</u> |
| Hennequin Road Drainage Project | - | 49,627 |
| Hop River Road Bridge | 7,184 | 217,764 |
| Hunt Road Culvert | 34,129 | 616,255 |
| Macht Road Culvert | 2,811 | 75,000 |
| Rec Park Pavillion | 3,700 | 225,000 |
| CFVD Rescue/Pumper Truck | 637,525 | 92,467 |
| D. Ramm Property-Survey Costs | 2,350 | 47,500 |
| Latham Hill Bridge | 881 | 450,000 |
| Rec Park Maintenance Garage | 8,038 | 75,000 |
| HWP All Weather Track | 1,931 | 43,069 |
| Old CVFD Maintenance Garage | 4,300 | 10,800 |
| HWP Storage Shed | 4,300 | 4,348 |
| Public Works Facility Uprgrade | 10,400 | - |
| Porter Parking Lot | 6,600 | |
| | \$ 724,149 | \$ 1,906,830 |

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND ACCOUNTS

At June 30, 2021, interfund balances were as follows:

| | Due fro | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------|------------|------------|---------------|
| 5 / | General | Nonn | - | |
| <u>Due to:</u> | <u>Fund</u> | <u>Fur</u> | <u>ids</u> | Total |
| General Fund | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ - |
| Reserve for Capital and | | | | |
| Nonrecurring Expenditures | - | | - | - |
| Nonmajor Funds | 162,226 | | - | 162,226 |
| | \$ 162,226 | <u>\$</u> | - | \$ 162,226 |

Interfund balances are typically short-term balances in anticipation of cash transfers, except the Town Aid Road Fund, whose assets are wholly invested in the General Fund until needed.

Interfund Transfers for the year are summarized below:

| <u>Transfers To</u> | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------|---|---|--|---|--|---|
| Reserve for Capital | | | | | | | |
| General Non-Recurring Nonmajor | | | | | | | |
| Fund Expenditures | | Funds | | Total | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| \$ | - | \$ | 705,729 | \$ | 14,000 | \$ | 719,729 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | 7,624 | | 263,500 | | - | | 271,124 |
| \$ | 7,624 | \$ | 969,229 | \$ | 14,000 | \$ | 990,853 |
| | | General <u>Fund</u> \$ - 7,624 | Reser General Nor <u>Fund Ex</u> \$ - \$ <u>7,624</u> | Reserve for Capita General Non-Recurring <u>Fund</u> <u>Expenditures</u> \$ - \$ 705,729 <u>7,624</u> <u>263,500</u> | Reserve for Capital General Non-Recurring No <u>Fund Expenditures</u> \$ - \$ 705,729 \$ <u>7,624 263,500</u> | Reserve for Capital General Non-Recurring Nonmajor Fund Expenditures Funds \$ - \$ 705,729 \$ 14,000 7,624 263,500 - | Reserve for Capital General Non-Recurring Nonmajor Fund Expenditures Funds \$ - \$ 705,729 \$ 14,000 \$ 7,624 263,500 - |

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-Term Obligation Activity

An amount of \$207,650 from the General Fund was utilized to finance current year debt service requirements. Of this amount, \$7,250 was related to interest expense.

Notes payable are written promises to pay stated sums of money at future dates. The General Fund has historically been used to liquidate other long-term liabilities.

As of June 30, 2021, the outstanding note payable of the Town was as follows:

| Notes Payable for LED Lighting, approved in 2018, due 8/15/22; monthly principal payments with no interest | <u>\$</u> | 60,138 |
|--|-----------|--------|
| Total Long-Term Note | \$ | 60,138 |

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2021, are as follows:

| | | eginning Balance | Increases | Decreases | Ending Balance | | Current Portion |
|--------------------------|----|---------------------|-----------|------------|-------------------|----|--------------------|
| Governmental Activities: | - | | | | | - | |
| General Obligation Bonds | \$ | 145,000 | \$- | \$ 145,000 | \$ - | \$ | - |
| Notes Payable | | 122,788 | - | 62,650 | 60,138 | | 60,138 |
| Capital Lease | | - | 26,371 | 7,179 | 19,192 | | 6,029 |
| OPEB Obligation | | 473,876 | 4,633 | - | 478,509 | | - |
| Compensated Absences | | 95,664 | 9,794 | - | 105,458 | | 24,721 |
| Accumulated Sick Time | | 84,930 | 801 | | 85,731 | | 15,938 |
| | \$ | 922,258 | \$ 41,599 | \$ 214,829 | \$ 749,028 | \$ | 106,826 |

Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

| Year Ending | <u>P</u> | rincipal | Inte | erest |
|-------------|----------|----------|------|-------|
| 2022 | | 60,138 | | - |
| | \$ | 60,138 | \$ | _ |

Capital Leases

The Town has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of a senior center van. This lease agreement qualifies as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of its future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

| | ernmental ctivities |
|---|----------------------------|
| Assets: Equipment Less accumulated depreciation | \$ 26,371 (2,637) |
| Total | \$ 23,734 |

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2021, were as follows:

| | Governmental Activities | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Year ending June 30: | | |
| 2022 | \$ 7,179 | |
| 2023 | 7,179 | |
| 2024 | 7,178 | |
| Less amount representing interest | (2,344) | |
| Total | \$ 19,192 | |

Landfill Closure

State and federal laws and regulations require the Town to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after the closure date. Current year expenditures of \$1,363 were recognized in the General Fund. Changes in the estimated total current cost of postclosure care may occur and should be reported in the periods in which the change is probable and reasonably estimable.

Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expenditure and long-term liability for the government-wide statements.

No liability is recorded for non-vesting rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated to be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

Special Termination Benefits

Periodically, the Board of Education offers temporary retirement incentive packages to teachers that meet specific requirements. The Board may implement an early retirement incentive program for such duration and with such terms as the Board deems in the best interests of the district. The Board shall notify the Association by March 1 of year if it decides to offer an incentive.

NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The Town has established and administers the Town of Columbia Post-Retirement Medical Insurance Program. The program provides post-employment health care benefits for retired employees who were full-time employees. The benefit is available to Town Hall departments, teachers, administrators and certain other board of education retirees. Upon retirement, BOE, AFSME and Town retirees pay 100% of the cost of insurance. Under the Connecticut Teachers Retirement Board system, teachers and administrators are eligible at age 50 with 30 years of experience; age 55 with 25 years of experience; or 60 with 10 years of experience. Depending upon the plan selected these retirees would pay 100% of the cost. Town retirees on or after the age of 55 with 10 years of service can also pay 100% of the cost of insurance and be eligible on the plan until the Medicare age eligibility is met. Benefit provisions and funding requirements may be amended by the Board of Selectman. The Town is applying the requirements of GASB No.75 prospectively.

Funding Policy

The Town appropriates funds annually for the costs associated with this retirement benefit and provides funding for the expenditures on a pay-as-you-go basis through the General Fund. Expenditures for premiums for post-employment health care benefits are recognized on the budgetary basis. There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB Statement No. 75.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2021, the following members were covered by the benefit terms:

| Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 3 |
|---|-----|
| Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits | - |
| Active plan members | 97 |
| | 100 |

Total OPEB Liability

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$478,509 was measured as of June 30, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The plan does not have credible data on which to perform an experience study.

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods including the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

| Interest | 2.16% as of June 30, 2021, based on Bond Buyer 20-Bond Municipal Index effective as of June 30, 2021. |
|--|---|
| Rate of Compensation Increase Mortality rates | 2.60%, including inflation Based on Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Amount- Weighted Mortality Tables for Teachers and General |
| | Employees, projected to the valuation date with a scale MP-2019. |
| Mortality Improvement Inflation | Projected to date of decrement using Scale MP-2019 2.60% |
| Healthcare Cost Trend Rates | 6.5%, reducing by .02% each year to an ultimate rate of 4.6% per year rate for 2029 and later. |
| | · · · |

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

| | otal OPEB Liability |
|---|----------------------------|
| Balance at 6/30/20 | \$ 473,876 |
| Changes for the Year: | |
| Service Costs | 16,225 |
| Interest | 9,988 |
| Changes in benefit Terms | - |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | 53,264 |
| Changes of Assumptions | 1,917 |
| Benefit payments | (76,761) |
| Net changes | 4,633 |
| Balance at 6/30/21 | \$ 478,509 |

TOWN OF COLUMBIA Notes to the Financial Statements

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Towns total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.16%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.16%) than the current discount rate:

| | 1% Decrease | Discount Rate | 1% Increase |
|----------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| | 1.16% | 2.16% | 3.16% |
| Total OPEB Liability | 518,895 | 478,509 | 441,878 |

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare costs trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

| | | Healthcare Cost | |
|----------------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|
| | 1% Decrease | Trend Rents | 1% Increase |
| Total OPEB Liability | 425,182 | 478,509 | 540,730 |

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the recognized OPEB expense is \$14,156. As of June 30, 2021, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are reported as follows:

| | Deferred | Deferred |
|--|------------------|--------------------|
| | Outflows of | Inflows of |
| | <u>Resources</u> | <u>Resources</u> |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 55,646 | (98,314) |
| Changes of assumptions | 55,100 | <u>\$ (9,568</u>) |
| | \$ 110,746 | \$ (107,882) |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the OPEB expense as follows:

| Year Ending | June | 30: |
|-------------|------|-------|
| 2022 | \$ | (28) |
| 2023 | | (28) |
| 2024 | | (28) |
| 2025 | | (28) |
| 2026 | | (28) |
| Thereafter | | 3,004 |

Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System - OPEB

Plan Description - Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with benefits, including retiree health insurance, through the Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System—a cost sharing multiemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by the TRB. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.ct.gov</u>.

Benefit Provisions

The Plan covers retired teachers and administrators of public schools in the State who are receiving benefits from the Plan. The Plan provides healthcare insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Any member that is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit through the Plan is eligible to participate in the healthcare portion of the Plan. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the TRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare, but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member that is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to continue healthcare coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$110 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$110 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost. The subsidy amount is set by statute, and has not increased since July of 1996. A subsidy amount of \$220 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost, and contributes at least \$220 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut. Any member that is currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the plan sponsored by the system. If they elect to remain in the Plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage.

Contributions

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are amended and certified by the TRB and appropriated by the General Assembly. The State pays for one third of plan costs through an annual appropriation in the General Fund.

School district employers are not required to make contributions to the Plan. The State of Connecticut's estimated allocated contribution to the Plan on behalf of the Town was \$29,389.

The cost of providing plan benefits is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis as follows: active teachers' pay for one third of the Plan costs through a contribution of 1.25% of their pensionable salaries, and retired teachers pay for one third of the Plan costs through monthly premiums, which helps reduce the cost of health insurance for eligible retired members and dependents.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| Inflation | 2.5% |
|------------------|-------|
| Real Wage Growth | 0.50% |
| Wage Inflation | 3.00% |

TOWN OF COLUMBIA Notes to the Financial Statements

| Salary increases | 3.00-6.50%, including inflation |
|---|---|
| Long-term investment rate of return | 3.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation |
| Municipal bond index rate: | 5 |
| Measurement Date | 2.21% |
| Prior Measurement Date | 3.50% |
| The projected fiduciary net position is projected | to be depleted in 2021 |
| Single equivalent interest rate | |
| Measurement Date | 2.21%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, |
| | including price inflation |
| Prior Measurement Date | 3.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, |
| | Including price inflation |
| Healthcare cost trend rates: | |
| Medicare | Medicare 5.125% for 2020 decreasing to an ultimate |
| | Rate of 4.50% by 2023 |

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 healthy Retiree Table(adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females as ages 82 and above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

Long-Term Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the GASB 75 valuation process. Several factors are considered in evaluation the long-term rate of return assumption, including the Plan's current asset allocations and a log-normal distribution analysis using the bestestimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Expected 10-Year Geometric Real Rate of Return | Standard Deviation |
|--|----------------------|--|-----------------------|
| U.S. Treasuries (Cash Equivalents) | 100.0% | -0.42% | 1.78% |
| Price inflation | | 2.50% | |
| Expected rate of return (Rounded nearest (| 0.25%) | 2.00% | |

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.21%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the current member contribution rate. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Annual State contributions were assumed to be equal to the most recent five-year average of state contributions toward the fund.

Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2021 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination of the single equivalent rate.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using current cost trend rates, as well as what the Plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than current healthcare cost trend rates:

| | 1% Lower Trend Rates | Current Trend Rates | 1% Higher Trend Rates |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| Initial Healthcare Cost Trend Rate | 4.125% | 5.125% | 6.125% |
| Ultimate Healthcare Cost Trend Rate | 3.50% | 4.50% | 5.50% |
| Total OPEB Liability | \$ 2,312,467 | \$ 2,831,668 | \$ 3,546,468 |

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in Discount Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

| | | Current | |
|--------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| | 1% Decrease | Discount Rate | 1% Increase |
| | (1.21%) | (2.21%) | (3.21%) |
| Net OPEB liability | \$ 3,455,760 | \$ 2,831,668 | \$ 2,343,742 |

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: At June 30, 2021 the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows due to the statutory requirement that the

State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

| Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability | \$ - |
|---|-----------------|
| State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the Town | 2,831,668 |
| Total | \$ 2,831,668 |

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2021, the Town had no proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized OPEB expense and revenue of \$29,389 in the governmental funds for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State. In the government-wide financial statements, the Town recognized (\$130,802) for OPEB expense related to actuarial liabilities for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS

Connecticut State Teacher's Retirement System

Plan Description - Teachers, principals, superintendents, and supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System- a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Board (CTRB). Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefited terms to the TRB Board. CTRB issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.ct.gov</u>.

Benefit Provisions - The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement - : Retirement benefits for the employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times during the years credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary).

Early Retirement - Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

Disability Retirement - : Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for non service-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

Contributions - Per Connecticut General Studies Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved

and amended and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

Employer (School Districts): School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan. The statutes require the State of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount, that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees: Participants are required to contribute 7% of their annual salary to the System as required by the CGS Section 10-183b(7). For the year ended June 30, 2021 the certified teachers' contribution to the Connecticut Teachers Retirement Board was \$359,013. Covered payroll for the town for the year ended June 30, 2021 was approximately \$4,632,428.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2021, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

| Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ - |
|--|------------------|
| State's proportionate share of the net pension liability | |
| associated with the Town | \$ 18,985,363 |
| Total | \$ 18,985,363 |

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. At June 30, 2021 the Town has no proportionate share of the net pension liability. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized benefits expense and contribution revenue of \$1,217,753 in the governmental funds for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the state. In the Government-wide financial statements, the town recognized \$2,719,563 for pension expense related to actuarial liabilities for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

Actuarial Assumptions: The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2019. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

| Inflation | 2.50% |
|--|------------|
| Salary increases, including inflation | 3.00-6.50% |
| Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension investment expense, including inflation. | 6.90% |

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females as ages 82 and above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement

Future Cost-of-Living increases for members who retired prior to September 1, 1992, are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 5% per annum. For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007, and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%. For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted for Social Security benefits on January 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-Term Expected <u>Real Rate of Return</u> |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Domestic Equity Fund | 20.00% | 5.60% |
| Developed Market Intl. Stock Fund | 11.00% | 6.00% |
| Emerging Market Intl. Stock Fund | 9.00% | 7.90% |
| Core Fixed Income Fund | 16.00% | 2.10% |
| Inflation Linked Bond Fund | 5.00% | 1.10% |
| Emerging Market Debt Fund | 5.00% | 2.70% |
| High Yield Bond Fund | 6.00% | 4.00% |
| Real Estate Fund | 10.00% | 4.50% |
| Private Equity | 10.00% | 7.30% |
| Alternative Investments | 7.00% | 2.90% |
| Liquidity Fund | 1.00% | 0.40% |

The geometric rates of expected return shown in the above table are nominal returns net of investment expenses.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$0, and therefore the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut

Board of Education Non-Certified Retirement

All non-certified Board of Education employees are eligible to participate in an employer matching contribution 403(b) tax sheltered annuity plan upon date of hire. During the fiscal year ended 2013 the plan was amended to also include Administrative employees. The Board of Education makes a 6% contribution for non-certified and administrative employees, based on the employee's date of eligibility. Employer contributions for the current year totaled \$59,925.

Town Employees

Money Purchase Plan

The Town maintains a single-employer defined-contribution money purchase plan that covers part and full-time employees of the Town who fulfill specified requirements. The plan is administered and amended by the Town of Columbia. Current participants total 28 employees.

The plan covers all employees, nonunion and union, who have completed one month of service and work 1,000 hours or more per year. Normal retirement age is at 65. The Town contributes 7% of an eligible employee's pay. All employees become 100% vested immediately after entering.

Employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 totaled \$97,229. The contribution is calculated on *compensation* paid for the calendar year, as reportable on Form W-2. The plan allows for amendment by the Town as employer. Assets of the fund are invested as directed by plan participants in mutual funds. The employer pays the costs of plan administration. Employees are not required to make contributions to this plan.

Section 457 Plan

The Town adopted and administers a deferred compensation pension plan (Town of Columbia 457(b) Plan) to provide benefits at retirement to employees of the Town. The plan is eligible to employees that are permanent, non-seasonal, non-temporary, non-interim, and scheduled to work 1,000 hours per Fiscal Year or more. An exception exists for those employees that are allowed to participate in the Plan pursuant to terms of a collective bargaining agreement between the Town of Columbia and an employee union. An exception also exists for all non-union employees actively enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011. At June 30, 2021, there were 27 plan members. A provision has been included to allow pre-tax employee contributions up to 100% of compensation, subject to IRS dollar limits of \$19,500 for 2020-2021. Any participant who is age 50 or older could be eligible for a "catch-up" contribution of \$6,500 in 2020-2021. Income accumulates tax-free until distribution from the plan. The Town's required 3% contribution was \$38,811. Contributions are placed into individual participant accounts, where the funds are invested in mutual funds at the employees' discretion. Each participant has ownership of his or her respective accounts. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Town.

NOTE 9 - FUND BALANCE ASSIGNMENTS

The components of committed fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

| Fund balances: | General Fund | C No | eserve for apital and n-Recurring penditures | Gov | onmajor ernmental Funds | Total |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|---------|---|-----|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Committed to: | | | | | | |
| Reserve for Capital | \$ - | \$ | 1,089,283 | \$ | - | \$ 1,089,283 |
| Dog Fund | - | | - | | 8,809 | 8,809 |
| Land Acquisition Fund | - | | - | | 24,089 | 24,089 |
| Szegda Farm | - | | - | | 10,977 | 10,977 |
| Senior Center Fund | - | | - | | 5,280 | 5,280 |
| Compensated Absences Reserve | 13,637 | | - | | - | 13,637 |
| Memorial Fund | - | | - | | 792 | 792 |
| Recreation Fields Rental Fund | - | | - | | 4,463 | 4,463 |
| Recreation Activities Fund | - | | - | | 28,780 | 28,780 |
| Agricultural Fund | - | | - | | 708 | 708 |
| Education Non Lapsing Fund | 300,000 | | - | | - | 300,000 |
| Total Committed | \$ 313,637 | \$ | 1,089,283 | \$ | 83,898 | \$ 1,486,818 |

NOTE 11 - GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS ISSUED, BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued several pronouncements that have effective dates that may impact future financial presentations. Management has not currently determined what, if any, impact implementation of the following statements may have on the financial statements:

GASB Statement No. 87 – *Leases* - This statement improves the accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 1, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 89 - Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction *Period* - The objectives of this statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred. As a result, interest cost before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of the capital asset. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after July 1, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 91 – *Conduit Debt Obligations* – The primary objectives of this statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with

conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 92 – *Omnibus 2020* – The objectives of this statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This statement addresses a variety of topics and the requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 93 – *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates* – Some governments have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR)—most notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. The objective of this statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. The requirements in paragraphs 13 and 14 of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 94 – *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements* – The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 96 – *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* – This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 97 – *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans* – The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2021.

NOTE 12 – ADOPTION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARD

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Town adopted GASB Statement No. 84 – *Fiduciary Activities*. The effects of adopting this standard are below:

| | Governmenta Funds | | |
|--|----------------------|--------------------|--|
| Fund Balance as previously reported at June 30, 2020 | \$ | 7,158,959 | |
| To reclassify funds as a result of the implementation of GASB 84 | | 16,090 | |
| Fund Balance as restated at July 1, 2020 | \$ | 7,175,049 | |
| | | | |
| | | Custodial Funds | |
| Net position as previously reported at June 30, 2020 | \$ | | |
| Net position as previously reported at June 30, 2020 To reclassify funds as a result of the implementation of GASB 84 | | Funds | |

State Teacher's Retirement System Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions

| Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----|----------------------|----------------------|-----|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Town's proportion of the net pension liability | <u>2021</u> 0.00% | <u>2020</u> 0.00% | | <u>2019</u> 0.00% | <u>2018</u> 0.00% | | <u>2017</u> 0.00% | <u>2016</u> 0.00% | <u>2015</u> 0.00% |
| Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | - | \$- | \$ | - | \$- | \$ - |
| State of Connecticut's proportionate share of the net pension associated with Town | 18,985,363 | 17,567,758 | | 13,545,762 | 13,636,722 | | 14,386,846 | 11,682,199 | 10,797,852 |
| Total | \$ 18,985,363 | \$ 5 17,567,758 | \$ | \$13,545,762 | \$13,636,722 | \$1 | 4,386,846 | \$11,682,199 | \$ 10,797,852 |
| Town's covered payroll | \$ 4,632,428 | \$ 6 4,616,261 | \$ | \$ 4,537,221 | \$ 4,371,611 | \$ | 5,077,981 | \$ 4,059,834 | \$ 3,989,917 |
| Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll. | 0.00% | 0.00% | 1 | 0.00% | 0.00% | | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 49.24% | 52.00% | 1 | 57.69% | 55.93% | | 52.26% | 59.50% | 61.56% |

State Teacher's Retirement System Note to Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Year-ended June 30, 2021

| Change of benefit terms | None |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Actuarial Assumptions | The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 |
| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry Age |
| Amortization Period | Level percent of salary, closed |
| Remaining Amortization Period | 30 years |
| Asset Valuation Method | 4 year smoothed market |
| Inflation | 2.50% |
| Salary Increases | 3.00%-6.50% average, including inflation |
| Investment Rate of Return | 6.90%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation |

State Teacher's Retirement System

Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability

June 30, 2021

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability

| | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|--------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|
| Town's percentage of the net OPEB liability | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability | \$ - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - |
| State of Connecticut's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the Town | 2,831,668 | 2,739,791 | 2,707,919 | 3,509,924 |
| Total | \$ 2,831,668 \$ | 2,739,791 \$ | 2,707,919 \$ | 3,509,924 |
| Town's covered-employee payroll | \$ 4,632,428 \$ | 4,616,261 \$ | 4,537,221 \$ | 4,371,611 |
| Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll. | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability | 2.50% | 2.08% | 1.49% | 1.79% |

Notes to Schedule

| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry age |
|---------------------------|--|
| Amortization Method | Level percent of payroll over a closed period |
| Amortization Period | 30 years |
| Asset Valuation Method | Market value of assets |
| Investment Rate of Return | 3.00%, net of investment related expense including price inflation |
| Price Inflation | 2.50% |

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

| | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Total OPEB Liability | | | | |
| Service Costs | \$ 16,225 | \$ 15,262 | \$ 13,686 | \$ 13,776 |
| Interest | 9,988 | 18,974 | 19,811 | 18,441 |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | 53,264 | (118,378) | 2,098 | 8,389 |
| Change in benefit terms | - | - | - | - |
| Change in assumptions | 1,917 | 48,057 | 18,408 | (14,960) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of contributions | (76,761) | (30,411) | (23,512) | (33,886) |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | 4,633 | (66,496) | 30,491 | (8,240) |
| Total OPEB liability, beginning | 473,876 | 540,372 | 509,881 | 518,121 |
| Total OPEB liability, ending (a) | \$ 478,509 | \$ 473,876 | \$ 540,372 | \$ 509,881 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Contributions - members | - | - | - | - |
| Net investment income | - | - | - | - |
| Benefit payments (based on expected) | - | - | - | - |
| Administrative Expenses | - | - | - | - |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | - | - | - | - |
| Total fiduciary net position, beginning | _ | - | - | - |
| Total fiduciary net position, ending (b) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Net OPEB liability, ending (a) - (b) | \$ 478,509 | \$ 473,876 | \$ 540,372 | \$ 509,881 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ 6,201,500 | \$ 6,056,154 | \$ 6,398,900 | \$ 6,236,700 |
| Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 7.72% | 7.82% | 8.44% | 8.18% |

| Revenues | Original <u>Budget</u> | Amended <u>Budget</u> | <u>Actual</u> | Over <u>(Under)</u> |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| Taxes | | | | |
| Property Taxes | \$ 14,219,918 | \$ 14,219,918 | \$ 14,524,676 | \$ 304,758 |
| Property Taxes - Prior Years | 76,000 | 76,000 | 210,838 | 134,838 |
| Interest and Lien Fees | 51,400 | 51,400 | 118,562 | 67,162 |
| Total Taxes | 14,347,318 | 14,347,318 | 14,854,076 | 506,758 |
| Licenses, Fees, and Permits | | | | |
| Real Estate Conveyance Fees | 50,000 | 50,000 | 102,879 | 52,879 |
| Building, Machine, and Septic Fees | 52,000 | 52,000 | 119,917 | 67,917 |
| Zoning Permit Fees | 1,500 | 1,500 | 4,535 | 3,035 |
| Recording Fees | 21,000 | 21,000 | 33,362 | 12,362 |
| Pistol Permit Fees | 2,000 | 2,000 | 5,600 | 3,600 |
| Total Licenses, Fees, and Permits | 126,500 | 126,500 | 266,293 | 139,793 |
| Intergovernmental Revenue | | | | |
| Homeland Security Grant | 2,500 | 2,500 | 1,725 | (775) |
| Education Equalization Grant | 2,316,189 | 2,316,189 | 2,259,707 | (56,482) |
| Special Education Grant | 125,000 | 125,000 | 48,448 | (76,552) |
| Disabled Persons Tax Grant | - | - | 545 | 545 |
| Veterans Relief | - | - | 3,520 | 3,520 |
| PILOT - State Property | 3,666 | 3,666 | 3,666 | - |
| PILOT - Pequot | 4,857 | 4,857 | 4,857 | - |
| Municipal Projects/Stabilization Grant | 55,156 | 55,156 | 55,156 | - |
| LOCIP | 39,068 | 39,068 | - | (39,068) |
| Total Intergovernmental Revenues | 2,546,436 | 2,546,436 | 2,377,624 | (168,812) |
| Charges for Services | | | | |
| Notary Fees | 350 | 350 | 305 | (45) |
| Photocopy Fees | 5,000 | 5,000 | 7,636 | 2,636 |
| Planning and Zoning Commission Fees | 2,000 | 2,000 | 2,700 | 700 |
| Zoning Board of Appeals Fees | 1,500 | 1,500 | 975 | (525) |
| Inland/Wetland Fees | 3,000 | 3,000 | 4,165 | 1,165 |
| Town Clerk Fees | 4,500 | 4,500 | 7,421 | 2,921 |
| Senior Center Van Services | 1,500 | 1,500 | 1,740 | 240 |
| Total Charges for Services | \$ 17,850 | \$ 17,850 | \$ 24,942 | \$ 7,092 |

| | Original <u>Budget</u> | Amended <u>Budget</u> | Actual | Over <u>(Under)</u> |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| Other Revenues | | | | |
| Interest on Investments | \$ 85,000 | \$ 85,000 | \$ 4,353 | \$ (80,647) |
| Passport Fees | 2,500 | 2,500 | 70 | (2,430) |
| Facilities Rental | 2,000 | 2,000 | 200 | (1,800) |
| Boating Fees | 2,500 | 2,500 | 3,675 | 1,175 |
| Beach Use and Concession Fees | 32,000 | 32,000 | 40,552 | 8,552 |
| Transfer Station Fees | 26,000 | 26,000 | 34,448 | 8,448 |
| Transfer Station Sticker Fees | 40,000 | 40,000 | 44,205 | 4,205 |
| Preschool | 52,000 | 52,000 | 27,778 | (24,222) |
| State Fees- Land Use Dept | 200 | 200 | 525 | 325 |
| Telephone Access Grant | 8,000 | 8,000 | 9,933 | 1,933 |
| Miscellaneous | 8,000 | 8,000 | 11,901 | 3,901 |
| Court Fines | 3,000 | 3,000 | 965 | (2,035) |
| Total Other Revenues | 261,200 | 261,200 | 178,605 | (82,595) |
| Other Sources | | | | |
| Transfers In: | | | | |
| Recreation | 10,000 | 10,000 | 7,624 | (2,376) |
| Appropriated from Surplus | 441,042 | 630,042 | - | (630,042) |
| Total Other Sources | 451,042 | 640,042 | 7,624 | (632,418) |
| Total Revenues | 17,750,346 | 17,939,346 | 17,709,164 | (230,182) |
| Expenditures | | | | |
| General Government | | | | |
| Town Meeting | 2,787 | 2,787 | 1,838 | (949) |
| Executive and Administrative | 914,325 | 911,731 | 888,179 | (23,552) |
| Information Technology | 69,106 | 69,106 | 51,947 | (17,159) |
| Old Firehouse Building | 3,340 | 3,850 | 2,906 | (944) |
| Chapel on The Green | 3,000 | 2,490 | 1,661 | (829) |
| Meeting House | 4,182 | 4,182 | 3,913 | (269) |
| Judicial and Legal | 55,000 | 47,794 | 25,904 | (21,890) |
| Registration and Election | 33,342 | 33,342 | 28,106 | (5,236) |
| Assessment | 146,096 | 146,096 | 137,119 | (8,977) |
| Tax Collection | 88,161 | 89,810 | 79,047 | (10,763) |
| Public Records | 118,272 | 118,272 | 112,327 | (5,945) |
| Financial and Planning Allocation | 22,850 | 22,850 | 22,291 | (559) |
| Finance Department | 228,088 | 228,088 | 217,759 | (10,329) |
| Tax Review Services | 940 | 940 | 144 | (796) |
| Total General Government | \$ 1,689,489 | \$ 1,681,338 | \$ 1,573,141 | \$ (108,197) |

| | Original Budget | | Amended Budget | Actual | Over (Under) |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|----|-------------------|-----------------|---|
| Health and Human Services | <u></u> | | <u></u> | | <u>, </u> |
| Health Care and Inspection | \$ 30,614 | \$ | 30,614 | \$ 30,614 | \$ - |
| Social Services | 25,400 | | 25,000 | 22,622 | (2,378) |
| Elderly Services | 100,761 | | 101,234 | 90,095 | (11,139) |
| Senior Center | 98,128 | | 98,128 | 91,206 | (6,922) |
| Youth Services | 47,776 | | 47,776 | 47,776 | - |
| Total Health and Human Services | 302,679 | | 302,752 | 282,313 | (20,439) |
| Public Safety | | | | | |
| Police Protection | 180,654 | | 179,815 | 172,486 | (7,329) |
| Fire Fighting and Emergency Services | 231,050 | | 239,050 | 236,427 | (2,623) |
| Fire Prevention Services | 27,695 | | 27,695 | 24,632 | (3,063) |
| Emergency Director | 4,558 | | 4,558 | 3,137 | (1,421) |
| Lake Management Services | 21,624 | | 27,852 | 27,704 | (148) |
| Total Public Safety | 465,581 | _ | 478,970 | 464,386 | (14,584) |
| Public Works | | | | | |
| Public Works | 785,008 | | 653,143 | 560,538 | (92,605) |
| Waste Disposal | 223,995 | | 223,995 | 210,396 | (13,599) |
| Street Lighting | 13,500 | | 13,500 | 9,598 | (3,902) |
| Total Public Works | 1,022,503 | | 890,638 | 780,532 | (110,106) |
| Building and Development Services | | | | | |
| Planning and Zoning Commission | 86,189 | | 86,189 | 75,863 | (10,326) |
| Inland/Wetland Commission | 20,081 | | 29,381 | 26,555 | (2,826) |
| Building Services | 39,325 | | 188,765 | 185,341 | (3,424) |
| Conservation Commission | 1,255 | | 1,255 | 160 | (1,095) |
| Building Appeal Services | 500 | | 500 | - | (500) |
| Land Use Department | 66,054 | | 66,054 | 62,958 | (3,096) |
| Total Buildings and Development | 213,404 | | 372,144 | 350,877 | (21,267) |
| Recreation | | | | | |
| Public Celebrations | 7,700 | | 7,700 | 7,495 | (205) |
| Library Services | 411,553 | | 411,553 | 411,553 | - |
| Lake Management Advisory | 20,650 | | 27,856 | 22,268 | (5,588) |
| Beach Services | 42,753 | | 41,333 | 33,544 | (7,789) |
| Recreation Area Operations | 10,906 | | 13,906 | 11,958 | (1,948) |
| Recreation | 83,756 | | 84,595 | 81,088 | (3,507) |
| Total Recreation | 577,318 | | 586,943 | 567,906 | (19,037) |
| Total General Government Expenditures | \$ 4,270,974 | \$ | 4,312,785 | \$ 4,019,155 | \$ (293,630) |

| | Original <u>Budget</u> | Amended <u>Budget</u> | Actual | | Over <u>(Under)</u> |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|----|------------------------|
| Education | | | | | |
| Certified Salaries | \$ 4,622,057 | \$ 4,469,336 | \$ 4,469,336 | \$ | - |
| Non-Certified Salaries | 1,047,110 | 1,129,466 | 1,129,466 | | - |
| Anthem Blue Cross/Blue Shield | 1,266,128 | 1,234,448 | 1,189,858 | | (44,590) |
| Life Insurance | 7,800 | 7,256 | 7,256 | | - |
| Social Security | 72,500 | 77,708 | 77,708 | | - |
| Medicare | 83,000 | 78,636 | 78,636 | | - |
| Unemployment | 21,874 | 11,147 | 11,147 | | - |
| Workers' Compensation | 75,000 | 74,520 | 74,520 | | - |
| Other Benefit Fund | 94,531 | 59,925 | 59,925 | | - |
| Board of Education Services | 36,000 | 29,228 | 29,228 | | - |
| Instructional Improvement/Pupil Services | 6,382 | 378 | 378 | | - |
| Professional/Technical Services | 148,246 | 119,113 | 119,113 | | - |
| Technical Services | 251,766 | 247,525 | 230,233 | | (17,292) |
| Water/Sewage | 6,500 | 2,354 | 2,354 | | - |
| Sanitary Refuse | 9,500 | 8,753 | 8,753 | | - |
| Snow Plowing | 24,750 | 24,000 | 24,000 | | - |
| Repairs/Maintenance | 47,345 | 113,072 | 113,072 | | - |
| Rentals | 33,500 | 22,144 | 22,144 | | - |
| Student Transportation | 732,862 | 732,862 | 631,927 | | (100,935) |
| Property Insurance | 53,200 | 58,402 | 58,337 | | (65) |
| Telephone | 8,000 | 8,879 | 8,879 | | - |
| Postage | 6,000 | 4,719 | 4,719 | | - |
| Tuition | 3,630,987 | 3,630,987 | 3,504,962 | | (126,025) |
| Travel | 5,495 | 353 | 353 | | - |
| Supplies | 104,066 | 88,792 | 88,782 | | (10) |
| Maintenance and Custodial Supplies | 20,000 | 17,668 | 17,668 | | - |
| Electricity | 105,000 | 111,981 | 111,981 | | - |
| Propane Gas | 5,000 | 1,597 | 1,597 | | - |
| Heating Oil | 61,000 | 68,064 | 68,064 | | - |
| Diesel | 44,000 | 24,635 | 24,635 | | - |
| Software | 26,672 | 49,734 | 49,734 | | - |
| Textbooks/Ancillary Materials | 9,969 | 28,791 | 28,791 | | - |
| Library Books | 3,800 | 4,801 | 4,801 | | - |
| Periodicals/Magazines | 5,809 | 3,221 | 3,221 | | - |
| Equipment | 23,078 | 162,364 | 162,364 | | - |
| Dues/Fees | 17,616 | 9,684 | 9,684 | | - |
| State Mandated TRB Municipal Contribution | - | - | - | | - |
| Total Board of Education Expenditures | \$ 12,716,543 | \$ 12,716,543 | \$ 12,427,626 | _ | (288,917) |

| Miscellaneous | | Original <u>Budget</u> | Amended <u>Budget</u> | <u>Actual</u> | Over <u>(Under)</u> |
|---|----|------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Debt Service Contingency Interfund Transfers | \$ | 152,250 78,000 532,579 | \$ 152,250 28,039 729,729 | \$ 152,250 - 729,729 | \$ - (28,039) - |
| Total Miscellaneous | _ | 762,829 | 910,018 | 881,979 | (28,039) |
| Total Expenditures | | 17,750,346 | 17,939,346 | 17,328,760 | (610,586) |
| Surplus/(Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures | \$ | | \$ | \$ 380,404 | \$ 380,404 |

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet

| | | | | | S | pecial Re | venu | ue Funds | | | | |
|--|----------|-------------|----------|----------------|----------|-------------|-----------|-------------------|----------|------------|----------|-------------|
| | | | | | | - | | | Н | listoric | | |
| | | | | | Т | own Aid | | Open | Do | cument | | |
| | | Dog | | A.R.E. | | Road | | Space | | servation | S | Szegda |
| | | <u>Fund</u> | Ed | <u>ucation</u> | | <u>Fund</u> | <u>Ac</u> | <u>cquisition</u> | | Fund | | <u>Farm</u> |
| Assets | • | | • | | • | | • | | • | | • | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 12,195 | \$ | 1,652 | \$ | - | \$ | 24,089 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| State and federal grants receivable Interfund receivables | | - | | - | | - 39,930 | | - | | - 5,704 | | - 10,977 |
| Total assets | \$ | 12,195 | \$ | 1,652 | \$ | 39,930 | \$ | 24,089 | \$ | 5,704 | \$ | 10,977 |
| | <u>+</u> | | <u>+</u> | ., | <u> </u> | | <u>+</u> | | <u>+</u> | | <u> </u> | |
| Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Accrued expenses | | 292 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Unearned revenue | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Interfund payables | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Due to State of CT | | 3,094 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Total liabilities | | 3,386 | | | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Fund balances: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Restricted | | - | | 1,652 | | 39,930 | | - | | 5,704 | | - |
| Commited | | 8,809 | | - | | - | | 24,089 | | - | | 10,977 |
| Assigned | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Unassigned | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Total fund balances | | 8,809 | | 1,652 | | 39,930 | | 24,089 | | 5,704 | | 10,977 |
| Total liabilities and fund balances | \$ | 12,195 | \$ | 1,652 | \$ | 39,930 | \$ | 24,089 | \$ | 5,704 | \$ | 10,977 |

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet

| | | | | Spec | ial R | Revenue F | und | ds | | |
|---|----|--------------------------|----|----------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|-----|--------------------------|------|--------------------------------------|
| | Ċ | Senior Center Fund | P | Land rotection <u>Fund</u> | | ducation Grants <u>Fund</u> | Ν | /lemorial <u>Fund</u> | Fiel | creation ds Rental <u>Fund</u> |
| Assets Cash and cash equivalents State and federal grants receivable Interfund receivables | \$ | 100 - 5,180 | \$ | - - 66,497 | \$ | 271 | \$ | - - 792 | \$ | 4,563 |
| Total assets | \$ | 5,280 | \$ | 66,497 | \$ | 271 | \$ | 792 | \$ | 4,563 |
| Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts Payable | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 100 |
| Accrued expenses Unearned revenue Interfund payables Due to State of CT | | | | - | | | | - - - | | - - - |
| Total liabilities | | - | | - | _ | - | | - | _ | 100 |
| Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted | | - | | - 66,497 | | - 271 | | - | | - |
| Commited Assigned Unassigned | | 5,280 - - | | - | | | | 792 - - | | 4,463 - - |
| Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances | \$ | 5,280 5,280 | \$ | 66,497 66,497 | \$ | 271 271 | \$ | 792 792 | \$ | 4,463 4,563 |

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet

| | | | | | Sp | ecial Rev | enu | ie Funds | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|--------------------------------------|----------|--|----|---------------------------|-----|--------------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|----|--|----|---------|
| | A | creation ctivities <u>Fund</u> | - | Social Services Needs <u>Fund</u> | Ag | ricultural <u>Fund</u> | | Student Activities <u>Fund</u> | N | Brand Iemorial <u>Trust</u> | ŀ | nall Cities lousing nabilitation | | Total |
| Assets | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 60 | \$ | 17,605 | \$ | - | \$ | 17,940 | \$ | 11,753 | \$ | 53,828 | \$ | 144,056 |
| State and federal grants receivable | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Interfund receivables | <u> </u> | 32,438 | <u> </u> | - | | 708 | | - | <u> </u> | - | | - | | 162,226 |
| Total assets | <u>\$</u> | 32,498 | \$ | 17,605 | \$ | 708 | \$ | 17,940 | \$ | 11,753 | \$ | 53,828 | \$ | 306,282 |
| Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | 100 |
| Accrued expenses | φ | - | Φ | - | Φ | - | φ | - | φ | - | Φ | - | Φ | 292 |
| Unearned revenue | | - 3,718 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 3,718 |
| Interfund payables | | 5,710 | | _ | | | | | | _ | | | | 5,710 |
| Due to State of CT | | _ | | _ | | - | | - | | - | | _ | | 3,094 |
| Total liabilities | | 3,718 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 7,204 |
| Fund balances: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | - | | _ | | _ | | - | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Restricted | | - | | 17,605 | | - | | 17,940 | | 11,753 | | 53,828 | | 215,180 |
| Commited | | 28,780 | | - | | 708 | | - | | - | | | | 83,898 |
| Assigned | | | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Unassigned | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Total fund balances | | 28,780 | | 17,605 | | 708 | | 17,940 | | 11,753 | | 53,828 | | 299,078 |
| Total liabilities and fund balances | \$ | 32,498 | \$ | 17,605 | \$ | 708 | \$ | 17,940 | \$ | 11,753 | \$ | 53,828 | \$ | 306,282 |

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | | | S | Special Rev | /enı | ie Funds | | | |
|--|--------------------|------------------------------|---------|----|---------------------------------|------|----------------------------|----|---|-----------------------|
| | Dog <u>Fund</u> | D.A.R.E. <u>Education</u> | | | Fown Aid Road <u>Fund</u> | | Open Space quisition | Do | Historic ocument servation <u>Fund</u> | Szedga <u>Farm</u> |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Licenses, fees, and permits | \$ 1,847 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 1,588 | \$ - |
| Intergovernmental | - | | 2,876 | | 205,232 | | - | | 5,500 | - |
| Contributions | - | | - | | - | | 13,412 | | - | 486 |
| Other revenues | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | - |
| Investment earnings | 14 | | - | | - | | 14 | | - | - |
| Total revenues | 1,861 | | 2,876 | | 205,232 | | 13,426 | | 7,088 | 486 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | - | | - | | - | | - | | 7,066 | 4,826 |
| Health and human services | - | | 5,608 | | - | | - | | - | - |
| Public safety | 12,530 | | - | | - | | - | | - | - |
| Recreation | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | - |
| Education | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | - |
| Capital expenditures | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | _ |
| Total expenditures | 12,530 | | 5,608 | | - | | - | | 7,066 | 4,826 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| over expenditures | (10,669) | | (2,732) | | 205,232 | | 13,426 | | 22 | (4,340) |
| Other financing sources (Uses) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 10,000 | | - | | - | | - | | - | 4,000 |
| Transfers out | - | | - | | (263,500) | | - | | - | _ |
| Total other financing sources | 10,000 | | | | (263,500) | | - | | - | 4,000 |
| Net change in fund balances | (669) | | (2,732) | | (58,268) | | 13,426 | | 22 | (340) |
| Fund balances - beginning, as restated | 9,478 | | 4,384 | | 98,198 | | 10,663 | | 5,682 | 11,317 |
| Fund balances - ending | \$ 8,809 | \$ | 1,652 | \$ | 39,930 | \$ | 24,089 | \$ | 5,704 | \$ 10,977 |

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | | Speci | al Re | evenue Fu | inds | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|----|----------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-----|------|--------------------------------------|
| | Senior Center <u>Fund</u> | Ρ | Land rotection <u>Fund</u> | | ducation Grants <u>Fund</u> | Memo <u>Fur</u> | | Fiel | creation ds Rental <u>Fund</u> |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | |
| Licenses, fees, and permits | \$ - | \$ | 21,383 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 2,105 |
| Intergovernmental | - | | - | | 345,930 | | - | | - |
| Contributions | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Other revenues | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Investment earnings | - | | - | | - | | - | | 4 |
| Total revenues | - | | 21,383 | | 345,930 | | - | | 2,109 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Health and human services | 1,143 | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Public safety | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Recreation | - | | - | | - | | - | | 3,993 |
| Education | - | | - | | 345,977 | | - | | - |
| Capital expenditures | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Total expenditures | 1,143 | | - | | 345,977 | | - | | 3,993 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | | | | |
| over expenditures | (1,143) | | 21,383 | | (47) | | - | | (1,884) |
| Other financing sources (Uses) | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Transfers out | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Total other financing sources | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Net change in fund balances | (1,143) | | 21,383 | | (47) | | - | | (1,884) |
| Fund balances - beginning, as restated | 6,423 | | 45,114 | | 318 | | 792 | | 6,347 |
| Fund balances - ending | \$ 5,280 | \$ | 66,497 | \$ | 271 | \$ | 792 | \$ | 4,463 |

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | | | | s | pecial Re | eve | enue Funds | | | | | | |
|--|----|------------------------------|----|---|-----|-------------------|-----|--------------------------------------|----|----------------------------------|----|-------------------------------------|----|-------------------|
| | Ac | creation tivities Fund | , | Social Services Needs <u>Funds</u> | Agr | icultural Fund | | Student Activities <u>Fund</u> | Μ | Brand emorial <u>Trust</u> | Н | all Cities ousing abilitation | | <u>Total</u> |
| Revenues | ¢ | 10.050 | ¢ | | ¢ | | ¢ | | ¢ | | ¢ | | ¢ | 20.076 |
| Licenses, fees, and permits Intergovernmental | \$ | 12,053 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 38,976 559,538 |
| Contributions | | - 2,012 | | - 24,738 | | | | - 7,856 | | - | | | | 48,504 |
| Other revenues | | 2,012 | | - 24,700 | | - | | | | - | | 1,808 | | 1,808 |
| Investment earnings | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 10 | | - | | 42 |
| Total revenues | | 14,065 | | 24,738 | | - | | 7,856 | | 10 | | 1,808 | | 648,868 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 11,892 |
| Health and human services | | - | | 26,121 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 32,872 |
| Public safety | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 12,530 |
| Recreation | | 7,721 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 11,714 |
| Education | | - | | - | | - | | 6,006 | | - | | - | | 351,983 |
| Capital expenditures | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Total expenditures | | 7,721 | | 26,121 | | - | | 6,006 | | - | | | | 420,991 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| over expenditures | | 6,344 | | (1,383) | | - | | 1,850 | | 10 | | 1,808 | | 227,877 |
| Other financing sources (Uses) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 14,000 |
| Transfers out | | (7,624) | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | (271,124) |
| Total other financing sources | | (7,624) | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | (257,124) |
| Net change in fund balances | | (1,280) | | (1,383) | | - | | 1,850 | | 10 | | 1,808 | | (29,247) |
| Fund balances - beginning, as restated | | 30,060 | | 18,988 | | 708 | | 16,090 | | 11,743 | | 52,020 | | 328,325 |
| Fund balances - ending | \$ | 28,780 | \$ | 17,605 | \$ | 708 | \$ | 17,940 | \$ | 11,753 | \$ | 53,828 | \$ | 299,078 |

Fiduciary Funds Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2021

| | | Private- | Purpose Tru | st Funds | | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------|
| | Kathy | Dennis | | | <u> </u> | |
| | Mattesich Memorial | | Scholarship | Comotony | School Trust | |
| | Fund | Fund | Funds | <u>Funds</u> | Fund | Total |
| Assets | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 2,905 | <u>\$ 1,175</u> | \$ 6,612 | <u>\$ 930</u> | <u>\$ 397</u> | \$ 12,019 |
| Total assets | <u>\$ 2,905</u> | <u>\$ 1,175</u> | <u>\$ 6,612</u> | <u>\$ 930</u> | <u>\$ 397</u> | <u>\$ 12,019</u> |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | | | | <u> </u> |
| Liabilities | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | <u>\$</u> - | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$</u> - | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Total liabilities | | | | | | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | | |
| Net position | | | | | | |
| Restricted for Individuals and Organizatior Held in trust for scholarships | י ר | - | - | - | - | - |
| and other purposes | 2,905 | 1,175 | 6,612 | 930 | 397 | 12,019 |
| Total net position | \$ 2,905 | <u>\$ 1,175</u> | <u>\$ 6,612</u> | <u>\$ 930</u> | <u>\$ 397</u> | <u>\$ 12,019</u> |

Fiduciary Funds - Private-Purpose Trust Funds Combining Statement of Change in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | Private-Purpose Trust Funds | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|
| | Kathy | Dennis | | | | _ |
| | Mattesich | h Harvey | | | School | |
| | Memoria | Memorial | Scholarship | Cemetery | Trust | |
| | Fund | Fund | Funds | Funds | <u>Fund</u> | <u>Total</u> |
| Additions | | | | | | |
| Contributions | \$- | \$- | \$- | \$- | \$- | \$- |
| Investment earnings | - | - | - | | - | - |
| Total additions | - | | | | | |
| Deductions | | | | | | |
| Other Expenses | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Payments for Student Activities | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Scholarships | 200 | 200 | 229 | | - | 629 |
| Total deductions | 200 | 200 | 229 | | | 629 |
| Other financing sources (Uses) | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Transfers out | | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources | | | | - | | |
| Change in net position | (200 |) (200) | (229) | - | - | (629) |
| Net position - beginning, as restated | 3,105 | 1,375 | 6,841 | 930 | 397 | 12,648 |
| Net position - ending | <u>\$ 2,905</u> | <u>\$ 1,175</u> | <u>\$ 6,612</u> | <u>\$ 930</u> | <u>\$ 397</u> | <u>\$ 12,019</u> |

TOWN OF COLUMBIA Schedule of Property Taxes Levied, Collected, and Outstanding For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | Outstanding July 1, 2020 | Current <u>Levy</u> | Lawful Additions | | ctions eductions | - | Collectible Taxes | Receipt of <u>Taxes</u> | In | eceipt of nterest d <u>Liens</u> | Total <u>Receipts</u> | | ransfers to suspense | | ıtstanding e 30, 2021 |
|--------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------------|-----|----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|---|--------------------------|----------|----------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| List of | <u>0019 1, 2020</u> | <u> </u> | <u>/ laalions</u> | | | | 10/00 | 10/00 | <u>un</u> | | | <u> </u> | | <u>0011</u> | 000, 2021 |
| <u>10/1:</u> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2019 | | \$ 14,709,668 | \$ 13,407 | \$ | 53,314 | \$ | 14,669,761 | \$ 14,524,676 | \$ | 39,483 | \$ 14,564,159 | \$ | 91 | \$ | 144,994 |
| 2018 | 169,726 | - | - | · | 1,660 | | 168,066 | 117,340 | | 25,194 | 142,534 | • | - | · | 50,726 |
| 2017 | 85,460 | - | 126 | | - | | 85,586 | 58,764 | | 26,064 | 84,828 | | - | | 26,822 |
| 2016 | 29,793 | - | - | | 333 | | 29,460 | 7,240 | | 3,009 | 10,249 | | 10,496 | | 11,724 |
| 2015 | 9,553 | - | 96 | | - | | 9,649 | 2,622 | | 2,029 | 4,651 | | 494 | | 6,533 |
| 2014 | 6,541 | - | - | | - | | 6,541 | 2,323 | | 2,324 | 4,647 | | - | | 4,218 |
| 2013 | 6,293 | - | - | | - | | 6,293 | 2,323 | | 2,742 | 5,065 | | - | | 3,970 |
| 2012 | 5,323 | - | - | | - | | 5,323 | 2,323 | | 834 | 3,157 | | - | | 3,000 |
| 2011 | 3,100 | - | - | | - | | 3,100 | - | | - | - | | - | | 3,100 |
| 2010 | 2,675 | - | - | | - | | 2,675 | - | | - | - | | - | | 2,675 |
| 2009 | 3,000 | - | - | | - | | 3,000 | - | | - | - | | - | | 3,000 |
| 2008 | 3,000 | - | - | | - | | 3,000 | - | | - | - | | - | | 3,000 |
| 2007 | 2,309 | - | - | | - | | 2,309 | - | | - | - | | - | | 2,309 |
| 2006 | 5,659 | | - | | - | | 5,659 | | | - | | | - | | 5,659 |
| | \$ 332,432 | <u>\$</u> - | <u>\$222</u> | <u>\$</u> | 333 | \$ | 162,595 | 14,717,611 | 1 | 01,679 | 14,819,290 | \$ | 11,081 | \$ | 271,730 |
| Net Gra | nd List- October | ⁻ 1. 2019: \$497. | 948.453 | | Sus | per | nse collections | 7,733 | | 2,555 | 10,288 | | | | |
| | e: 29.33 mills | , r , | ., | | | • | | \$ 14,725,344 | \$ 1 | 04,234 | \$ 14,829,578 | | | | |

Ten Largest Taxpayers For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| Name | Assessed Value | Net Taxable Grand List* |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| Indiffe | value | |
| Connecticut Light and Power Co | \$ 19,377,170 | 3.92% |
| Columbia Manufacturing Inc | 3,476,470 | 0.70% |
| DNB LLC | 2,065,400 | 0.42% |
| Storage Pros Columbia LLC | 1,976,100 | 0.40% |
| EA Patton Company | 1,560,200 | 0.32% |
| Tourgate Realty Inc | 1,410,200 | 0.29% |
| Angelides, Michael J & Susan H | 1,345,900 | 0.27% |
| OSWA LLC | 1,145,900 | 0.23% |
| Englert, Alice M Trustee | 1,040,500 | 0.21% |
| Cornerstone of Columbia LLC | 994,800 | 0.20% |

* - Based on Net Taxable Grand List 10/1/19: \$497,948,453 Source: Assessor's Office, Town of Columbia

Schedule of Debt Limitation

June 30, 2021

| Total Tax Collections (Prior Ye Received by Treasurer | \$ 14,559,988 | | | |
|---|-----------------|----------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Reimbursement for revenue Tax relief for elderly (Prior Ye | | | | |
| Base | | | | <u>\$ 14,559,988</u> |
| | General | | | Urban |
| Debt limitation: | <u>Purposes</u> | <u>Schools</u> | <u>Sewers</u> | <u>Renewal</u> |
| 2 1/4 times base | \$ 32,759,973 | \$- | \$- | \$- |
| 4 1/2 times base | - | 65,519,946 | - | - |
| 3 3/4 times base | - | - | 54,599,955 | - |
| 3 1/4 times base | | | | 47,319,961 |
| Total debt limitation | 32,759,973 | 65,519,946 | 54,599,955 | 47,319,961 |

outstanding and authorized debt \$32,759,973 \$65,519,946 \$54,599,955 \$47,319,961

-

-

-

-

| NO. | TE. | |
|-----|-------|--|
| NO | 1 = : | |

.

Indebtedness:

Total Indebtedness

Debt limitation in excess of

In no case should this total indebtedness exceed seven times the base \$14,559,988 or \$101,919,916

Ratio of debt to the equalized net grand list

| | | Equalized | | |
|------------------|---------|----------------|-----|--------------|
| | | Net Grand List | | <u>Ratio</u> |
| Direct debt | \$ - | \$ 792,834,395 | (1) | 0.000% |
| Direct debt, net | - | 792,834,395 | (1) | 0.000% |

Amount of debt to per capita

| | | 2020 | | Per |
|------------------|---------|------------|-----|---------------|
| | | Population | | <u>Capita</u> |
| Direct debt | \$ - | 5,379 | (1) | \$- |
| Direct debt, net | - | 5,379 | (1) | - |

Note on bond principal and interest payments

There were no payment delinquencies or defaults during the current year

(1) Obtained from State of Connecticut Office of Policy & Management 2015-2019 Municipal Fiscal Indicators

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Reserve for Capital and Non-Recurring Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | Budget | 20/21 | 20/21 | Mid-Year | | | Balance |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | Appropriations | Adopted | Adopted | Approp., Adjs. | Adjusted | Current Year | Appropriated |
| | July 1, 2020 | Appropriations | Cancellations | | Appropriations | | |
| Reserved for active projects: | | ••••• | | | | • | , |
| Road Resurfacing | \$ 67,847 | \$ 263,500 | \$- | \$- | \$ 331,347 | \$ 229,007 | \$ 102,340 |
| Box Culvert Replacement/Repair | 172,384 | 100,000 | - | - | 272,384 | 24,039 | 248,345 |
| Town land Acquisition | - | - | - | 25,500 | 25,500 | 25,500 | - |
| Hennequin Road Drainage | 109,880 | - | - | - | 109,880 | 254 | 109,626 |
| Erdoni Road Drainage | 5,074 | - | - | - | 5,074 | - | 5,074 |
| Preliminary Design & Cost Estimates | 17,114 | - | - | - | 17,114 | - | 17,114 |
| Rec Area Improvement Fund | 147,901 | 100,000 | - | - | 247,901 | 187,563 | 60,338 |
| Four Year Revaluation | 109,044 | 20,000 | - | - | 129,044 | 17,454 | 111,590 |
| Town-Wide Network/ IT | 2,032 | - | - | - | 2,032 | - | 2,032 |
| DPW Capital Equipment | 172,269 | 109,500 | - | - | 281,769 | 247,572 | 34,197 |
| DPW Transfer Station Equipment | 20,865 | - | - | - | 20,865 | - | 20,865 |
| DPW Cap Improv - Buildings | 105,091 | 35,000 | - | 6,650 | 146,741 | 61,783 | 84,958 |
| Bridge On Hop River Road | 67,000 | 46,000 | - | - | 113,000 | - | 113,000 |
| HWP Floor Replacement/Repair | 4,459 | 5,000 | - | - | 9,459 | - | 9,459 |
| HWP Security Project | 8,989 | (8,989) | - | - | - | - | - |
| HWP Window Replacement/Repair | 12,496 | - | - | - | 12,496 | - | 12,496 |
| Bridge on Latham Hill | 15,000 | - | - | - | 15,000 | - | 15,000 |
| HWP Ceiling Tile Replacement | 1,259 | 5,000 | - | - | 6,259 | - | 6,259 |
| HWP Painting | - | 10,000 | - | - | 10,000 | - | 10,000 |
| Emegency Generator | 46,889 | - | - | - | 46,889 | 46,223 | 666 |
| HWP All-Weather Track | - | 10,000 | - | - | 10,000 | 1,931 | 8,069 |
| Hazardous Tree Removal/Trim | 12,017 | 100,000 | - | - | 112,017 | 110,292 | 1,725 |
| Pucker St Bridge / Rose Bridge Road | 4,718 | - | - | - | 4,718 | - | 4,718 |
| Senior Center Furnishings | 5,289 | 4,500 | - | - | 9,789 | 3,815 | 5,974 |
| Village Hill Road Bridge | 1,962 | - | - | - | 1,962 | - | 1,962 |
| CVFD Capital Projects | 474,999 | | | 165,000 | 639,999 | 637,524 | 2,475 |
| Total Reserve for Active Projects | 1,584,578 | 799,511 | <u> </u> | 197,150 | 2,581,239 | 1,592,957 | 988,282 |
| Designated for Future Projects: | | | | | | | |
| о , | 400.054 | | | | 100.051 | 0.050 | 404.004 |
| Land Acquisition | 103,351 | | | | 103,351 | 2,350 | 101,001 |
| Total Designated for Future Projects | 103,351 | | | | 103,351 | 2,350 | 101,001 |
| Total Capital and Non-Recurring | <u>\$ 1,687,929</u> | <u>\$ 799,511</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ 197,150</u> | <u>\$ 2,684,590</u> | <u>\$1,595,307</u> | <u>\$ 1,089,283</u> |

Compliance Reports and Supplementary Schedules

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Financial Planning and Allocation Commission of The Town of Columbia, CT

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Columbia, CT, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Columbia, CT's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 19, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Columbia, CT's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Columbia, CT's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Columbia, CT's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Columbia, CT's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Columbia, CT's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Columbia, CT's internal compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

King King & Associates

King, King & Associates, CPAs Winsted, CT January 19, 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE REQUIRED BY THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT ACT

To the Financial Planning and Allocation Commission of The Town of Columbia, CT

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the Town of Columbia, CT's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the Office of Policy and Management's *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town of Columbia, CT's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Town of Columbia, CT's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Town of Columbia, CT's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State Single Audit Act (C.G.S. Sections 4-230 to 4-236). Those standards and the State Single Audit Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town of Columbia, CT's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of Columbia, CT's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Town of Columbia, CT, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

SERVING BUSINESSES, INDIVIDUALS, NONPROFITS AND GOVERNMENTS

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Town of Columbia, CT, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town of Columbia, CT's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance with the State Single Audit Act, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Columbia, CT's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the State Single Audit Act. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

King King & Associates

King, King & Associates, CPAs Winsted, CT January 19, 2022

Town of Columbia Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| State Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title | State Grant Program Identification Number | <u>Ex</u> | penditures |
|---|--|--|------------|
| State Dept. of Education | | | |
| Adult Education | 11000-SDE64370-17030 | \$ | 2,451 |
| Talent Development | 11000-SDE64370-12552 | | 430 |
| Department of Children and Families | | | |
| Youth Service Bureau | 11000-DCF91141-17052 | | 14,189 |
| Youth Service Bureau Enhancement | 11000-DCF91141-17107 | | 5,668 |
| Department of Energy and Evironmental Protecti | on | | |
| Recreation and Natural Heritage Trust | 17161-DEP43153-43656 | | 1,666 |
| ludicial Department | | | |
| Judicial Department Public Acts | 34001-JUD95162-40001 | | 1,110 |
| F UDIIC ACIS | 34001-30093102-40001 | | 1,110 |
| Connecticut State Library | | | |
| Historic Preservation | 12060-CSL66094-35150 | | 5,500 |
| Office of Policy and Management | | | |
| State Owned Property | 11000-OPM20600-17005 | | 3,666 |
| Veteran's Exemptions | 11000-OPM20600-17024 | | 3,520 |
| Tax Relief for Disabled | 11000-OPM20600-17011 | | 545 |
| Municipal Grants-in-aid | 12052-OPM20600-43587 | | 26,763 |
| Department of Transportation | | | |
| Town Aid Road-Municipal | 12052-DOT57131-43455 | | 114,504 |
| Town Aid Road-STO | 13033-DOT57131-43459 | | 114,504 |
| Total State Financial Assistance before exempt prog | | \$ | 294,516 |
| | | <u>. </u> | , , |
| EXEMPT PRO | OGRAMS | | |
| Office of Policy and Management | | | |
| Mashantucket Pequot and Mohegan Fund Grant | 12009-OPM20600-17005 | \$ | 4,857 |
| Municipal Stabilization Grant | 11000-OPM20600-17104 | Ŷ | 28,393 |
| · | | | · |
| Department of Education | | | |
| Education Cost Sharing | 11000-SDE64000-17041 | | 2,259,707 |
| Excess Cost Student Based and Equity | 11000-SDE64000-17047 | | 48,448 |
| Total Exempt Programs | | | 2,341,405 |
| | | ¢ | |
| Total State Financial Assistance | | \$ | 2,635,921 |
| | | | |

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance includes state grant activity of the Town of Columbia, CT under programs of the State of Connecticut for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Various departments and agencies of the State of Connecticut have provided financial assistance through grants and other authorizations in accordance with the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut. These financial assistance programs fund several programs including education, historic preservation, construction, and maintenance of public roads.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Columbia, CT conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments.

The information in the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance is presented based upon regulations established by the State of Connecticut, Office of Policy and Management.

Basis of Accounting

The fund financial statements contained in the Town of Columbia, CT's annual audit report are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available while expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method revenues are recorded when earned while expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred.

The expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. In accordance with Section 4-236-22 of the Regulations of the State Single Audit Act, certain grants are not dependent on expenditure activity, and accordingly, are considered to be expended in the fiscal year of receipt. These grant program receipts are reflected in the expenditures column of the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance.

I. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements

We audited the financial statements of the Town of Columbia, CT as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 and issued our unmodified report thereon dated January 19, 2022.

Internal control over financial reporting:

| Material weakness(es) identified?Significant deficiency(ies) identified? | Yes Yes | ✓ No ✓ None Reported |
|--|--|---|
| Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? | Yes• | ∕No |
| State Financial Assistance | | |
| Internal control over major programs: | | |
| Material weakness(es) identified?Significant deficiency(ies) identified? | Yes Yes | ✓ No ✓ None Reported |
| We have issued an unmodified opinion relating to | o compliance for major State | programs. |
| Any audit findings disclosed that are required to reported in accordance with Section 4-236-24 of Regulations to the State Single Audit Act? | | ∕No |
| The following schedule reflects the major programs i | ncluded in the audit: | |
| State Grantor and Program | State Core - CT <u>Number</u> | Expenditures |
| Department of Transportation Town Aid Road-Municipal Town Aid Road-STO | 12052-DOT57131-43455 13033-DOT57131-43459 | 114,504 114,504 |

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs <u>\$ 100,000</u>

II. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

- We issued reports, dated January 19, 2022, on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on our audit of financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- Our report on compliance indicated no reportable instances of noncompliance.
- Our report on internal control over financial reporting indicated no significant deficiencies.

III. STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

• No findings or questioned costs are reported relating to State Financial Assistance Programs.